ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION			Page
Roster of Publicly Elected Officials and Management Officials			1
FINANCIAL SECTION			
Independent Auditor's Report.			2-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis			4 – 9
Basic Financial Statements:			
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position			10 11
Fund Financial Statements:			
Governmental Funds: Balance Sheet			12
Statement of Net Position			13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	3		14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-		vities	15
Budget and Actual – General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-		•	16 - 21
Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) – General Purpose School Fu	ınd		22 - 28
Proprietary Funds:			
Statement of Net Position	•	•	29
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	•	•	30
Statement of Cash Flows	•	•	31
Fiduciary Funds:			
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position		•	32 33
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	•		34 – 75
Required Supplementary Information: Schedule of Funding Progress – Post-Employment Benefits Schedule of Funding Progress – Post-Employment Benefits – Lexington E	Electric S	·	. 76
Outside the set Observed to Net Deserted to billion and Deleted Detter		•	70
concauted of charges in Net i cholen Liability and i leiated haties.			. , 0

Schedules of Plan Contributions Schedule of Pension Plan Investm Notes to Required Supplemental I Schedule of Proportionate Share of Schedule of Contributions – Teach Schedule of Proportionate Share of	nent Ret nformat of the N	urns ion et Pensi	on Asset	s – Tea	cher Lec	lacy Plar cher	of TCR	. 81 S 82
Retirement Plan of TCRS Schedule of Contributions – Teach	ner Reti	rement F	lan of T	CRS				. 84 . 85
Other Supplemental Information:				0.10	•	•		. 00
Combining Financial Statements -	- Non-N	/laior Go	overnme	ntal Fu	nds [.]			
						alances		86 87
Statement of Changes in Assets a	•			_		alarioco	•	88
_				•		•	•	
Schedules of Revenues, Expendit State Street Aid Fund								ctual: 89
School Tax Fund						•	•	90
School Food Service Fund (Budge	etarv Ba	sis)						91
Solid Waste Collection Fund								92
Dare Fund								93
E-citation Fund		•			•	•		94
Police Drug Fund Lexington-Henderson County Allia Debt Service – Sinking Fund		•				•	•	95
Lexington-Henderson County Allia	ınce Fui	nd	•			•	•	96
Debt Service – Sinking Fund						•	•	97
Debt Service – School Debt Fund							•	98
Capital Projects – Post Office Fun	d	•	•		•		•	99
Schedule of Changes in Property	Taxes I	Receiva	ble					100
Schedule of Long-Term Debt Req	uireme	nts						
General Long-Term Debt .								101
Water Systems .								102
Natural Gas Fund							•	103
Water Systems Natural Gas Fund Lexington Electric Department					•	•		104
Schedule of Outstanding Delinque	ent Tax	es Filed	With C	nancery	Court			105
Schedule of Utility Rates in Force							. 10	06 – 107
Schedule of Expenditures of Fede	ral Awa	ards and	d State F	inancia	ıl Assist	ance		108
AWWA WLCC Free Water Audit S	oftware	: Repor	ting Wo	rksheet	- "Unau	dited"		109
AWWA WLCC Free Water Audit So Indicators - "Unaudited" .		-	m Attrib					110
INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIA	NCE SE	CTION						
Indonondant Auditaria Danart Carlo	town of	Control	Over E:-	oncie!	Dana-4:	aa A == =		
Independent Auditor's Report On In On Compliance and Other Matters	Based	On An A	Audit of	Financi	al State	ments		
Performed In Accordance with Gov	vernme	nt Audi	ting Stai	ndards	•	•	. 11	1 – 113
Schedule of Disposition of Prior Au	dit Find	lings	•	•	٠	•		114
Corrective Action Plan						•		115

ROSTER OF PUBLICLY ELECTED OFFICIALS AND MANAGEMENT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2017

PUBLICLY ELECTED OFFICIALS

David Jowers Mayor

Jeff Griggs Vice-mayor

Emmitt Blankenship Alderman

John Casselberry Alderman

Peggy Gilbert Alderman

Jack Johnson Alderman

Gordon Wildridge Alderman

Sandra Wood Alderman

MANAGEMENT OFFICIALS

Sue Wood CMFOA Designee

Michael Harper Utility General Manager

Independent Auditor's Report

Phone 731.925.6547 Fax 731.925.9524

To the Mayor and City Aldermen City of Lexington Lexington, Tennessee 38351

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lexington, Tennessee, (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We did not audit the the financial statements of the Lexington Electric System, which is both a major fund and 59%, 59%, and 81% respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the business-type activities.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Lexington Electric System, which represent 59%, 59%, and 81% respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the business-type activities. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and in our opinion, in so far as it relates to the amounts included for Lexington Electric System, is based solely on the report of other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the General Purpose School Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedule of funding progress on pages 4 through 9 and other required supplementary information on pages 76 through 85 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with

auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information such as the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and other information, such as the introductory and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and other supplemental information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information, except for that which has been marked "uaudited", has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and other supplemental information, except for that which has been marked "unaudited", are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section, the AWWA Free Water Audit Software: Reporting Worksheet, and the AWWA Free Water Audit Software: System Attributes and Performance Indicators – "unaudited" have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 23, 2018, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

April 23, 2018

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Lexington, Tennessee, will offer readers of the City's financial statements a narrative overview and review of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 10 and 11) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 12. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the City as a whole begins on page 10. The following is one of the most important questions asked about the City's finances, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The *statement of net position* presents financial information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows of future fiscal periods.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the general administration, police, fire, public works, health, welfare, and recreation, economic development and debt service. Property taxes, local sales taxes, and state shared revenue finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the
 cost of certain services it provides. The City's gas, water and sewer, and electric operations
 are reported here.

Our analysis of the City's major funds begins on page 12. The fund financial statements begin on page 12 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds (not the City as a whole). Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, the City Board establishes other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. The City's two kinds of funds – governmental and proprietary – use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental Funds Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary Funds When the City charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

The City as Trustee – The City maintains two types of fiduciary funds for which it is the trustee or fiduciary. The agency fund is used to account for student activity of the local city school. The pension trust fund accounts for pension contributions, benefits, and distributions. Both of these funds are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position page 32, and the Statement of Changes in the Fiduciary Net Position for the Pension Trust fund is on page 33. We exclude these activities from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 34 - 75.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 76 - 85 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual statements and schedules can be found on pages 86 - 99 of this report.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. In the case of the City of Lexington, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$79,659,176 at June 30, 2017.

CITY OF LEXINGTON'S NET POSITION

	Government	al Activities	Business Ty	siness Type Activities To		otal	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Current and other assets	\$ 9,872,329	\$ 9,175,904	\$ 25,289,061	\$ 23,936,185	\$ 35,161,390	\$ 33,112,089	
Capital Assets	26,269,820	27,849,326	72,269,598	72,930,862	98,539,418	100,780,188	
Total Assets	36,142,149	37,025,230	97,558,659	96,867,047	133,700,808	133,892,277	
Deferred outflows of							
of resources	1,986,652	1,757,750	2,107,288	2,001,807	4,093,940	3,759,557	
Long term liabilities	12,296,970	12,355,542	35,348,911	35,979,777	47,645,881	48,335,319	
Other liabilities	433,827	898,036	5,902,379	6,160,981	6,336,206	7,059,017	
Total liabilities	12,730,797	13,253,578	41,251,290	42,140,758	53,982,087	55,394,336	
Deferred inflows of							
of resources	3,792,544	4,061,638	360,941	242,244	4,153,485	4,303,882	
Net Position:							
Net investment in							
capital assets	17,717,588	18,192,360	45,733,366	45,081,925	63,450,954	63,274,285	
Restricted	454,258	337,701	1,491,341	1,272,138	1,945,599	1,609,839	
Unrestricted	3,433,614	2,937,703	10,829,009	10,131,789	14,262,623	13,069,492	
Total Net Position	\$ 21,605,460	\$ 21,467,764	\$ 58,053,716	\$ 56,485,852	\$ 79,659,176	\$ 77,953,616	

There were prior period adjustments to net position that affected the Business-Type Activities. For additional information see Note 4.I.

Governmental Activities

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense)/Revenue. The reason for this kind of format is to highlight the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the City's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants.

Business-type Activities

The changes in business-type activities net position are described below:

- The City's Gas System had an increase in net position of \$58,699 which is compared to an increase in the prior year of \$9,167. This increase is primarily due to a decrease in the operating transfer out and a gain on sale of capital assets.
- The City's Water Systems Fund had an increase of net position of \$417,581 compared to an increase in the prior year of \$1,645,233. This change is primarily due to a decrease in capital contributions.
- The City's Electric Department had an increase in net position of \$1,219,870 compared to an increase in the prior year of \$4,033. This increase is mainly due to the extraordinary item in 2016 and the significant amount of capital projects and right-of-way clearing that was undertaken in the prior year.

The following table provides a summary of the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2017, with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2016.

CITY OF LEXINGTON'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Government	al Activities	Business Typ	e Activities	TOTAL		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues							
Fees, fines and							
charges for services	\$ 1,452,257	\$ 1,552,681	\$ 59,157,993	\$ 56,381,620	\$ 60,610,250	\$ 57,934,301	
Operating grants and							
contributions	8,085,390	8,158,914	-	-	8,085,390	8,158,914	
Capital grants and							
contributions	220,557	337,481	-	1,228,151	220,557	1,565,632	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	2,138,795	2,139,603	-	-	2,138,795	2,139,603	
In-lieu of property taxes	104,178	103,532	-	-	104,178	103,532	
Public service taxes	139,951	142,294	-	-	139,951	142,294	
Sales taxes	4,641,091	4,659,244	-	-	4,641,091	4,659,244	
Investment earnings	57,881	50,855	79,242	97,606	137,123	148,461	
Gain(loss) on sale of capital assets	(940,449)	32,426	37,850	2,925	(902,599)	35,351	
Insurance recoveries	-	-	-	43,552	-	43,552	
Miscellaneous	526,274	167,754	112,607	106,925	638,881	274,679	
Total revenues	16,425,925	17,344,784	59,387,692	57,860,779	75,813,617	75,205,563	
Emana		Control Contro				MANAGEMENT OF THE PARTY OF THE	
Expenses:							
General government	4 440 000	404.000			4 440 000	404.000	
and administration	1,410,939	431,838	-	-	1,410,939	431,838	
Public safety	3,258,641	3,049,644	-	-	3,258,641	3,049,644	
Public works	1,922,653	1,912,864	-	-	1,922,653	1,912,864	
Health, Welfare and Recreation	10,159,078	10,243,036	-	-	10,159,078	10,243,036	
Economic development	147,160	67,446	-	-	147,160	67,446	
Interest on long-term debt	244,120	270,305	-	-	244,120	270,305	
Paying agent fees	1,778	1,128	=	-	1,778	1,128	
Water Systems	-	-	5,478,460	5,335,959	5,478,460	5,335,959	
Natural Gas	-	-	5,315,672	4,982,400	5,315,672	4,982,400	
Electric Department	-	-	45,843,571	44,818,939	45,843,571	44,818,939	
Total expenses	17,144,369	15,976,261	56,637,703	55,137,298	73,782,072	71,113,559	
Increase (decrease) in net position							
before transfers	(718,444)	1,368,523	2,749,989	2,723,481	2,031,545	4,092,004	
Transfers	1,053,839	1,065,048	(1,053,839)	(1,065,048)	-	-	
Increase (decrease) in net position	335,395	2,433,571	1,696,150	1,658,433	2,031,545	4,092,004	
Net position at beginning of year,	01 107 701	10,000,477	FC 40F 0F0	F4 F0C F07	77.050.010	70,000,004	
as originally stated	21,467,764	19,036,477	56,485,852	54,596,527	77,953,616	73,633,004	
Restatement - GASB 68	(210,237)	- (2.22.1)	(128,286)	230,892	(338,523)	230,892	
Inventory adjustment	12,538	(2,284)	-		12,538	(2,284)	
Net position at beginning of year,							
as restated	21,270,065	19,034,193	56,357,566	54,827,419	77,627,631	73,861,612	
Net position at end of year	\$ 21,605,460	\$ 21,467,764	\$ 58,053,716	\$ 56,485,852	\$ 79,659,176	\$ 77,953,616	

THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 12) reported a combined fund balance of \$7,180,432 which is 20% above last year's total of \$5,955,697.

The following schedule presents a summary of general, special revenues, debt service and capital project revenues and expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, and the amount and percentage of increases and decreases in relation to the prior year.

			Increase (Decreas			
			Percent		from	
Revenues	Ju	ne 30, 2017	of Total	Ju	ne 30, 2016	
Taxes	\$	6,229,931	35.56%	\$	22,840	
Intergovernmental		9,156,339	52.27%		(60,814)	
Licenses and permits		9,444	0.05%		(7,100)	
Charges for services		1,021,553	5.83%		(11,398)	
Fines and forfeitures		224,146	1.28%		19,509	
Other revenues		875,716	5.00%		372,067	
Total Revenues	\$	17,517,129	100.00%	\$	335,104	

Other revenue increased in the current year due to insurance recoveries.

				Percent		Increase crease) from
Expenditures	Ju	ne 30, 2017		of Total	Jui	ne 30, 2016
General government	\$	991,650	•	5.69%	\$	(71,865)
Public Safety		3,003,265		17.22%		176,038
Public Works		1,748,705		10.03%		25,781
Health, welfare, and recreation		9,462,008		54.27%		(86,334)
Economic development		147,160		0.84%		79,714
Capital outlay		727,566		4.17%		(662,730)
Debt Service		1,355,240		7.77%		11,116
Total Expenditures	\$	17,435,594	Ċ	100.00%	\$	(528,280)

Capital outlay has decreased due to the receipt of capital assets through a grant program in the prior year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year the City and the School system revised their budgets at various times during the year.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of June 2017, the City had \$98,539,418 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including police and fire equipment, buildings, parks facilities, water and sewer lines, natural gas lines, electric plant and equipment, and various other equipment. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of \$2,240,770, or 2.2% over the prior year. Additional information on capital assets is in Note 3.C.

Debt

At year-end, the City had \$35,359,449 in outstanding long-term debt compared to \$37,722,368 last year. Of the total outstanding debt 25% belongs to the Governmental funds, 6% to the Gas Fund, 30% to the Water Systems Fund, and 39% to the Electric Department.

See Note 3.G for additional information.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact the City at 33 1st Street, Lexington, Tennessee.

Sue Wood City Recorder

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	Primary Government					
	Governmental			usiness-type		
		Activities		Activities	Total	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,466,243	\$	18,658,682	\$	25,124,925
Investments	,	-	•	140,796	·	140,796
Receivables:						
Property taxes		2,287,933		-		2,287,933
Accounts receivable, net of allowance		22,415		3,416,486		3,438,901
Grant receivables		204,242		37,322		241,564
Other receivables		24,331		150,132		174,463
Internal balances Due from other governments		(236,186) 903,642		236,186		903.642
Inventory		34,563		670,883		705,446
Natural gas storage		0+,500 -		577,548		577,548
Net pension asset		7,388		-		7,388
Prepaid expenses		157,758		158,289		316,047
Other assets		-		1,242,737		1,242,737
Capital assets:						
Land and construction in progress		2,246,804		1,859,647		4,106,451
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		24,023,016		70,409,951		94,432,967
TOTAL ASSETS		26 142 140		07 559 650		100 700 000
TOTAL ASSETS		36,142,149		97,558,659		133,700,808
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows - pension contributions		1,986,652		2,107,288		4,093,940
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		353,415		4,482,476		4,835,891
Customer deposits		-		1,025,458		1,025,458
Unearned revenue		80,412		-		80,412
Compensated absences		-		394,445		394,445
Long-term liabilities:				100.010		400.040
Advances from Home Installation Program		-		489,342		489,342
Other post employment benefits Net Pension liability		374,147 2,100,106		1,532,182 4,782,835		1,906,329 6,882,941
Landfill closure costs		214,854		4,762,633		214,854
Compensated absences		1,055,631		1,952,189		3,007,820
Due within one year		935,781		3,379,598		4,315,379
Due in more than one year, net of unamortized premiums		7,616,451		23,212,765		30,829,216
TOTAL LIABILITIES		12,730,797		41,251,290		53,982,087
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF REVENUES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		2,186,612		-		2,186,612
Deferred inflows - pensions		1,605,932		360,941		1,966,873
		3,792,544		360,941		4,153,485
/						
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		17,717,588		45,733,366		63,450,954
Restricted for:		0.400				0.400
Sex offender		2,468		-		2,468
State Street Aid Fund E-citation		62,294		-		62,294
School Food Service		15,295 156,155		-		15,295 156,155
Solid Waste Collection		5,883		-		5,883
Police Drug Fund		145,954		- -		145,954
Lexington-Henderson Co Alliance		66,209				66,209
Debt service		-		1,491,341		1,491,341
Unrestricted		3,433,614		10,829,009		14,262,623
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	21,605,460	\$	58,053,716	\$	79,659,176

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NET (EXPENSES) REVENUE
AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		PR	OGRAM REVENUES	3	AND CH	ÀNGES IN NÉT PO	SITION	
Program Activities	Expenses	Fees, Fines and Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
Governmental activities:	Ехропосо		CONTRIBUTIONS	- CONTRIBUTIONS	7.01111100	Houvillo		
General Government	\$ 1,410,939	\$ 116,575	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,294,364)	\$ -	\$ (1,294,364)	
Public Safety	3,258,641	227,136	101,874	53,852	(2,875,779)	· -	(2,875,779)	
Public Works	1,922,653	914,307	318,961		(689,385)	-	(689,385)	
Health, Welfare and Recreation	10,159,078	194,239	7,554,895	160,853	(2,249,091)	-	(2,249,091)	
Economic Development	147,160	-	109,660	5,852	(31,648)	-	(31,648)	
Interest on long-term debt	244,120	-	· <u>-</u>	-	(244,120)	-	(244,120)	
Paying agent fees on long-term debt	1,778	-	-	-	(1,778)	-	(1,778)	
Business-type activities:								
Gas Fund	5,315,672	5,358,017	-	-	-	42,345	42,345	
Water Systems Fund	5,478,460	5,987,866	-	-	-	509,406	509,406	
Electric Department	45,843,571	47,812,110				1,968,539	1,968,539	
Total business-type activities	56,637,703	59,157,993				2,520,290	2,520,290	
Total government	\$ 73,782,072	\$ 60,610,250	\$ 8,085,390	\$ 220,557	(7,386,165)	2,520,290	(4,865,875)	
		General revenues: Taxes: Property In-lieu of taxes Public service tax Sales Investment earnings Gain (loss) on sale/r Miscellaneous Transfer in - in lieu of	2,138,795 104,178 139,951 4,641,091 57,881 (940,449) 526,274 1,053,839 7,721,560 335,395	79,242 37,850 112,607 (1,053,839) (824,140) 1,696,150	2,138,795 104,178 139,951 4,641,091 137,123 (902,599) 638,881 - 6,897,420 2,031,545			
		Net position - beginning	0 ,	d	21,467,764	56,485,852	77,953,616	
		Prior period adjustmer			(210,237)	(128,286)	(338,523)	
		Inventory adjustment -		tund	12,538	-	12,538	
		Net position - beginning	ng, as restated		21,270,065	56,357,566	77,627,631	
		Net position - ending			\$ 21,605,460	\$ 58,053,716	\$ 79,659,176	

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	General	General Purpose School Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Grant receivable	\$ 4,081,326 2,287,933 22,415 64,674	\$ 929,258 - - - 51,880	\$ 1,455,659 - - - 87,688	\$ 6,466,243 2,287,933 22,415 204,242
Other receivables Inventory Due from other governments	- - 545,562	- - 64,592	24,331 34,563 293,488	24,331 34,563 903,642
Due from other funds Prepaid expenses	1,961 140,605		158,781 17,153	160,742 157,758
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 7,144,476	\$ 1,045,730	\$ 2,071,663	\$10,261,869
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 97,195	\$ -	\$ 19,556	\$ 116,751
Accrued expenses	96,141	98,279	4,993	199,413
Unearned revenue - other Advance from other fund	- 170 110	-	80,412	80,412
Due to other funds	179,119 117,021	-	- 100,788	179,119 217,809
TOTAL LIABILITIES	489,476	98,279	205,749	793,504
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF REVENUES				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	2,287,933	_		2,287,933
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF REVENUES	2,287,933			2,287,933
FUND BALANCE				
Nonspendable			24.502	0.4.500
Inventory Prepaid expenses	140,605	-	34,563 17,153	34,563 157,758
Restricted for:	140,000		17,100	101,100
Sex offender	2,468	-	-	2,468
State street aid	-	-	62,294	62,294
E-citation	-	-	15,295	15,295
School food authority	-	-	156,155 145,954	156,155
Drug fund Lexington-Henderson Co Alliance	-	-	66,209	145,954 66,209
Solid Waste Collection	-	-	(11,270)	(11,270)
Committed:				
Rainy Day fund	1,709,887	-	-	1,709,887
Shop with Cops	6,901	-	-	6,901
Assigned Special revenue funds	_	_	457,556	457,556
Education	_	1,391	-	1,391
Support services	-	-	-	, -
Capital projects	-	-	922,005	922,005
Unassigned				
General fund	2,507,206	0.46.060	-	2,507,206
General purpose school fund	4 207 207	946,060	4 005 04 4	946,060
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	4,367,067	947,451	1,865,914	7,180,432
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF REVENUES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 7,144,476	\$ 1,045,730	\$ 2,071,663	\$ 10,261,869

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

Total fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 7,180,432
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.	26,269,820
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	101,321
Net pension asset is not recorded on governmental fund balance sheet but is recorded for government-wide purposes.	7,388
Net pension liability is not recorded on governmental fund balance sheet but is recorded for government-wide purposes.	(2,100,106)
Net OPEB liability is not recorded on governmental fund balance sheet but is recorded for government-wide purposes.	(374,147)
Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be amortized and recognized as components of pension expense in future years.	380,720
Accrued interest is not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet but is recorded for government-wide purposes.	(37,251)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, they are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.	 (9,822,717)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 21,605,460

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Persona	General	General Purpose School Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Taxes				
	f 0.400.407	φ.	Φ.	f 0.400.407
Property taxes Penalty and interest	\$ 2,160,467	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,160,467
In lieu of taxes	15,213 17,642	-	-	15,213
Sales	1,709,467	-	1,424,556	17,642
Beer tax	371,691	-	1,424,550	3,134,023 371,691
Business	258,953	-	-	258,953
Liquor tax	200,900	_	98.070	98,070
Franchise	139,951	_	50,070	139,951
Hotel/motel tax	31,321	_		31,321
Privilege	2,600	_	_	2,600
Intergovernmental revenues	1,238,796	7,095,198	822,345	9,156,339
Licenses and permits	9,444	-	-	9,444
Charges for services	150,892	_	870,661	1,021,553
Fines, forfeits, and penalties	149,847	_	74,299	224,146
Other revenues	417,795	127,241	330,680	875,716
Total revenues	6,674,079	7,222,439	3,620,611	17,517,129
Expenditures Current:				
General government	991,650			991,650
Public safety	2,982,065	-	21,200	3,003,265
Public works	899,175	_	849,530	1,748,705
Health, welfare, and recreation	573,977	8,274,282	613,749	9,462,008
Economic development	62,221	0,274,202	84,939	147,160
Capital outlay	468,219	- 56,222		727,566
Debt service:	400,219	30,222	203,125	121,500
Principal payments	93,336	45,232	965,693	1,104,261
Interest payments	47,499	10,048	191,654	249,201
Other debt costs	1,778	10,040	191,054	1,778
Total expenditures	6,119,920	8,385,784	2,929,890	17,435,594
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	554,159	(1,163,345)	690,721	81,535
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	1,053,839	1,119,222	1,160,838	3,333,899
Transfers out	(922,573)	-	(1,357,487)	(2,280,060)
Proceeds from sale of general capital assets	58,823		18,000	76,823
Total other financing sources (uses)	190,089	1,119,222	(178,649)	1,130,662
Net Change in Fund Balances	744,248	(44,123)	512,072	1,212,197
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR, as originally stated	3,622,819	991,574	1,341,304	5,955,697
Inventory adjustment	-	-	12,538	12,538
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR, as restated	3,622,819	991,574	1,353,842	5,968,235
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 4,367,067	\$ 947,451	\$ 1,865,914	\$ 7,180,432

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded for the current period. Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as expenditure in government funds. Refect of asset disposal. Governmental funds do not record net pension liabilities, deferred inflows/outlfows of resources related to pensions. However, the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets reports the effects of these items. (286,976) The repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. However, it has no effect on net position. 1,104,734 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Some revenues reported in the governmental funds but were recognized in the prior year on the statement of activities because they were deferred in the prior year. Some property tax will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds.	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,212,197
However, in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded for the current period. Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as expenditure in government funds. (1,289,799) Net effect of asset disposal. Governmental funds do not record net pension liabilites, deferred inflows/outlfows of resources related to pensions. However, the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets reports the effects of these items. (286,976) The repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. However, it has no effect on net position. \$\frac{1}{1},104,734\$ Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. \$\frac{3}{2},701\$ Some revenues reported in the governmental funds but were recognized in the prior year on the statement of activities because they were deferred in the prior year. \$\frac{1}{2},083\$ Some property tax will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds.	•	
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as expenditure in government funds. (1,289,799) Net effect of asset disposal. (1,017,273) Governmental funds do not record net pension liabilities, deferred inflows/outlfows of resources related to pensions. However, the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets reports the effects of these items. (286,976) The repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. However, it has no effect on net position. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Some revenues reported in the governmental funds but were recognized in the prior year on the statement of activities because they were deferred in the prior year. (129,083) Some property tax will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds.	However, in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded for the current	727.566
government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as expenditure in government funds. (1,289,799) Net effect of asset disposal. (1,017,273) Governmental funds do not record net pension liabilites, deferred inflows/outlflows of resources related to pensions. However, the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets reports the effects of these items. (286,976) The repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. However, it has no effect on net position. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. 35,701 Some revenues reported in the governmental funds but were recognized in the prior year on the statement of activities because they were deferred in the prior year. (129,083) Some property tax will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds. (21,672)	·	727,000
In government funds. (1,289,799) Net effect of asset disposal. (1,017,273) Governmental funds do not record net pension liabilities, deferred inflows/outlfows of resources related to pensions. However, the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets reports the effects of these items. (286,976) The repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. However, it has no effect on net position. 1,104,734 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. 35,701 Some revenues reported in the governmental funds but were recognized in the prior year on the statement of activities because they were deferred in the prior year. (129,083) Some property tax will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds. (21,672)	government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but they do not require the use of current financial resources.	
Governmental funds do not record net pension liabilites, deferred inflows/outlfows of resources related to pensions. However, the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets reports the effects of these items. (286,976) The repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. However, it has no effect on net position. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. 35,701 Some revenues reported in the governmental funds but were recognized in the prior year on the statement of activities because they were deferred in the prior year. (129,083) Some property tax will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds.		(1,289,799)
inflows/outlfows of resources related to pensions. However, the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets reports the effects of these items. (286,976) The repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. However, it has no effect on net position. 1,104,734 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. 35,701 Some revenues reported in the governmental funds but were recognized in the prior year on the statement of activities because they were deferred in the prior year. (129,083) Some property tax will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds.	Net effect of asset disposal.	(1,017,273)
financial resources of governmental funds. However, it has no effect on net position. 1,104,734 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. 35,701 Some revenues reported in the governmental funds but were recognized in the prior year on the statement of activities because they were deferred in the prior year. (129,083) Some property tax will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds. (21,672)	inflows/outlfows of resources related to pensions. However, the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets	(286,976)
the use of current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Some revenues reported in the governmental funds but were recognized in the prior year on the statement of activities because they were deferred in the prior year. (129,083) Some property tax will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds. (21,672)	financial resources of governmental funds. However, it has no	1,104,734
recognized in the prior year on the statement of activities because they were deferred in the prior year. (129,083) Some property tax will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds. (21,672)	the use of current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported	35,701
City's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds. (21,672)	recognized in the prior year on the statement of activities	(129,083)
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 335,395	City's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues	 (21,672)
	Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 335,395

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

							ance with al Budget
	Budgeted	l Amοι	unts	Actual		P	ositive
	Original		Final		Amount	(N	egative)
Taxes							
Property taxes - current	\$ 2,140,000	\$	2,055,890	\$	2,066,913	\$	11,023
Property taxes - delinquent	-		85,209		93,554		8,345
Penalties and interest	12,000		13,500		15,213		1,713
In lieu of taxes:							
Lexington Housing Authority	13,500		17,642		17,642		-
Local sales tax	1,654,236		1,664,000		1,709,467		45,467
Local beer tax	410,958		368,600		371,691		3,091
Business tax	213,282		250,000		258,953		8,953
Franchise tax	144,303		140,000		139,951		(49)
Hotel/motel tax	31,004		30,000		31,321		1,321
Privilege tax	2,500		2,600		2,600		-
Total taxes	4,621,783		4,627,441		4,707,305		79,864
Intergovernmental							
TVA payments in lieu of taxes	89,911		89,900		86,536		(3,364)
State fire education	7,200		6,600		7,200		600
State law enforcement grant	16,800		13,200		13,200		-
Police safety grant - alcohol saturation	-		3,526		3,526		_
Police - COPS	38,500		40,000		41,794		1,794
Police - vest grant	1,600		1,600		742		(858)
Police - high visibility grant	1,000		2,550		2,554		4
Police grant -network coordinator 2016	_		1,575		9,388		7,813
Police grant -network coordinator 2017	_		20,000		8,145		(11,855)
Police grant - DUI traffic	_		15,000		7,679		(7,321)
Police JAG grant	_		15,000		15,000		(7,021)
Sidewalk grant	588,036		25,000		24,508		(492)
STP funds	300,000		25,000		102,615		102,615
1033 grant	_		_		53,110		53,110
State of Tennessee	-		_		33,110		33,110
- Sales tax allocation	619,812		627,500		634,013		6,513
- Telecommunication tax	019,012		027,300		741		741
- Income tax allocation	- - -		E0 000		46,902		(3,098)
- Reer tax allocation	50,000 3.826		50,000				
	3,020		3,826		3,695		(131) 3,141
- Mixed drink tax	15 606		2,500		5,641		
- Petroleum special	15,686		15,450		15,456		6
- Street maintenance	91,710		91,710		91,710		- 44
- Excise tax	30,000		53,400		53,441		41
Grants from Local Governments	1 000		1 000		1 000		
- Crimestoppers	1,200		1,200		1,200		-
- County recreation grant	10,000		10,000		10,000		-
- Other miscellaneous grants	5,000		-		-		
Total intergovernmental revenues	1,569,281		1,089,537		1,238,796		149,259
Licenses and permits							
Beer licenses	500		-		-		-
Building permits	10,000		9,000		8,527		(473)
Other permits	500		800		917		117
Total licenses and permits	11,000	-	9,800		9,444		(356)

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted Ar		Actual	Positive
Revenues (continued)	Original	Final	Amount	(Negative)
Charges for services				
Clerk's fees - business tax	30,000	30,000	33,931	3,931
Accident report filing fees	3,300	3,300	2,990	(310)
Maintenace charges for Caywood	85,000	85,000	85,000	(510)
SOR charges	450	900	950	50
Mowing and lot cleanup	1,000	1,000	1,195	195
Street repair charges	10,000	15,000	15,201	201
Parks and recreation charges	3,000	10,100	11,625	1,525
Total charges for services	132,750	145,300	150,892	5,592
City court fines and costs	155,000	133,575	149,847	16,272
Other revenues				
Interest income	10,000	15,000	15,901	901
Donations	-	8,800	17,472	8,672
Community center revenue	10,000	8,600	8,675	75
Rent income	73,200	73,200	73,200	-
Sales of cemetery lots	7,000	7,000	11,100	4,100
Insurance recoveries	10,000	272,000	269,365	(2,635)
Sales of other materials	11,000	12,850	16,150	3,300
Miscellaneous income	2,000	4,500	5,932	1,432
Total other revenue	123,200	401,950	417,795	15,845
Total revenues	6,613,014	6,407,603	6,674,079	266,476
Expenditures				
General government				
General				
Salaries	70,385	71,419	70,350	1,069
Employee benefits	290,893	269,038	267,017	2,021
Memberships	2,310	2,310	2,239	71
Election payroll	750	750	595	155
Operating expenses	3,050	3,050	1,390	1,660
Other operating expenses	18,625	18,606	11,818	6,788
Repair and maintenance	457.500	26,000	21,579	4,421
Insurance	157,500	157,500	126,125	31,375
Capital outlay	26,000	22,500	5,724	16,776
Total general	569,513	571,173	506,837	64,336
Judicial	0.400	0.405	0.405	-
Salaries	9,130	9,130	9,128	2
Total judicial	9,130	9,130	9,128	2

	Budgeted A		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amount	(Negative)
Expenditures (continued)				
General government (continued) City recorder				
Salaries	214,762	218.642	214,104	4,538
Employee benefits	32,500	31,500	29,655	1,845
Insurance	256	256	192	64
Office expense	13,500	18,020	16,735	1,285
Professional fees	64,500	57,600	54,343	3,257
Membership and dues	500	400	397	3
Repair and maintenance	9,450	5,930	2,554	3,376
Other operating expenses	166,625	160,000	149,770	10,230
Total city recorder	502,093	492,348	467,750	24,598
City Hall				
Utilities	14,960	14,200	13,659	541
Total general government	1,095,696	1,086,851	997,374	89,477
-	1,000,000	1,000,001	307,074	
Public safety				
Police department			==	
Salary	1,427,062	1,512,402	1,457,890	54,512
Employee benefits	274,969	262,208	237,763	24,445
Utilities	30,800	31,500	31,072	428
Repair and maintenance	29,500	204,100	200,928	3,172
Memberships and dues	1,000 28,000	1,000	750	250 3.485
Supplies Travel		25,000 5.000	21,515 5.021	- 1
Uniforms and clothing	5,000	•	9,497	(21) 1,703
Gas, oil, and diesel	11,200 70,683	11,200 47,000	46,064	936
Insurance	2,112	2,200	1,746	454
Equipment rental	8,100	7,900	5,255	2,645
Office expense	63,500	60,900	53,494	7,406
Other grant expenses	3,200	3,200	1,485	1,715
Capital outlay	170,317	192,958	211,062	(18,104)
Total police department	2,125,443	2,366,568	2,283,542	83,026
Fire department				
Salaries	673,781	665,212	644,176	21,036
Employee benefits	111,809	99,000	93,286	5,714
Volunteer firemen benefits	6,000	6,000	3,005	2,995
Utilities	48,730	42,470	40,708	1,762
Memberships	220	250	245	5
Public relations	500	500	494	6
Data processing	2,000	2,000	1,617	383
Repair and maintenance	29,250	26,250	22,149	4,101
Supplies	10,750	10,000	4,871	5,129
Clothing and uniforms	6,000	6,000	4,912	1,088
Gas, oil, diesel	8,300	8,000	7,835	165
Insurance	832	1,000	832	168
Travel	2,000	1,000	721	279
Fees	250	250	- 0.470	250
Small equipment Equipment rent	8,450 3,300	8,480 2,850	8,476 2,830	4 20
Capital outlay	21,500	21,500	21,309	191
Total fire department	933,672	900,762	857,466	43,296
Building inspector				
Salaries	59,423	60,607	59,498	1,109
Employee benefits	10,700	9,950	9,009	941
Insurance	64	64	48	16
Other operating expenses	7,160	6,880	4,873	2,007
Total building inspector	77,347	77,501	73,428	4,073
Total public safety	3,136,462	3,344,831	3,214,436	130,395

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Budgeted xmunts Actual Amount Positive (Negative) Expenditures (continued) Public works Highways and streets Salaries 433,349 418,842 404,222 14,62 Employee benefits 81,160 77,450 70,903 6,54 Utilities 14,135 13,185 11,393 1,79 Street lighting 41,800 38,000 36,726 1,27 Repair and maintenance 308,500 253,000 247,138 5,86
Expenditures (continued) Public works Highways and streets Salaries 433,349 418,842 404,222 14,62 Employee benefits 81,160 77,450 70,903 6,54 Utilities 14,135 13,185 11,393 1,79 Street lighting 41,800 38,000 36,726 1,27 Repair and maintenance 308,500 253,000 247,138 5,86
Public works Highways and streets Salaries 433,349 418,842 404,222 14,62 Employee benefits 81,160 77,450 70,903 6,54 Utilities 14,135 13,185 11,393 1,79 Street lighting 41,800 38,000 36,726 1,27 Repair and maintenance 308,500 253,000 247,138 5,86
Highways and streets Salaries 433,349 418,842 404,222 14,62 Employee benefits 81,160 77,450 70,903 6,54 Utilities 14,135 13,185 11,393 1,79 Street lighting 41,800 38,000 36,726 1,27 Repair and maintenance 308,500 253,000 247,138 5,86
Salaries 433,349 418,842 404,222 14,62 Employee benefits 81,160 77,450 70,903 6,54 Utilities 14,135 13,185 11,393 1,79 Street lighting 41,800 38,000 36,726 1,27 Repair and maintenance 308,500 253,000 247,138 5,86
Employee benefits 81,160 77,450 70,903 6,54 Utilities 14,135 13,185 11,393 1,79 Street lighting 41,800 38,000 36,726 1,27 Repair and maintenance 308,500 253,000 247,138 5,86
Utilities 14,135 13,185 11,393 1,79 Street lighting 41,800 38,000 36,726 1,27 Repair and maintenance 308,500 253,000 247,138 5,86
Street lighting 41,800 38,000 36,726 1,27 Repair and maintenance 308,500 253,000 247,138 5,86
Repair and maintenance 308,500 253,000 247,138 5,86
Repair and maintenance - equipment 9,000 18,000 17,231 76
Clothing and uniforms 3,500 3,500 2,926 57
Gas, oil, diesel 36,850 27,000 26,658 34
Small equipment 1,000 2,000 1,575 42
Operating supplies 25,115 13,575 11,254 2,32
Insurance 640 770 596 17
Capital outlay155,000155,000188,424(33,42
Total highways and streets 1,110,049 1,020,322 1,019,046 1,27
Garage
Repair and maintenance 5,000 2,550 1,483 1,06
Supplies 22,250 13,600 11,411 2,18
Utilities 4,950 4,500 4,202 29
Fuel purchases 17,600 14,000 13,847 15
Total garage 49,800 34,650 30,943 3,70
Animal control
Contract labor 36,000 36,000 -
Total animal control 36,000 36,000 -
Sanitation
Landfill closure 5,500 4,000 1,610 2,39
Total public works 1,201,349 1,094,972 1,087,599 7,37
Health, welfare, and recreation
Appropriations
Library 31,900 31,900 -
Library utilities 11,000 6,000 5,150 85
Senior Citizens 12,000 12,000 -
Rescue Squad 2,500 2,500 -
Easter 1,500 1,500 1,500 -
Christmas parade 500 500 -
Carl Perkins 1,725 1,725 -
Lexington scholarship 500 500 -
JACOA 3,000 3,000 -
Hope utilities 6,820 8,000 7,612 38
Project graduation 1,200 1,180 -
Airport 38,123 39,212 39,212 - Other appropriations 5,100 3,500 500 3,00
Total appropriations 115,868 111,517 107,279 4,23

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted A		Actual	Positive
Expenditures (continued)	Original	Final	Amount	(Negative)
Health, welfare, and recreation (continued	I)			
Museum Salaries	10.000	40.000	40.544	0.50
Employee benefits	18,800	18,800	18,541	259
• •	1,438	1,438	1,419	19
Unemployment insurance Public relations	64	95	55	40
Utilities	500 5,500	1,000 6,600	300	700 992
Repair and maintenance	1,000	2,500	5,608 1,381	1,119
Telephone	1,485	2,500 1,400		211
Security system	688	615	1,189 511	104
Operating costs	500	500	182	318
Janitorial costs	250	250	35	215
Total museum				
Total museum	30,225	33,198	29,221	3,977
Civic center				
Unemployment insurance	-	10	8	2
Utilities	27,500	22,500	21,051	1,449
Repair and maintenance	36,000	24,890	15,682	9,208
Operating costs	1,000	1,000	463	537
Janitorial costs	2,000	1,800	1,760	40
Total civic center	66,500	50,200	38,964	11,236
Parks				
Salaries	235,754	228,525	207,395	21,130
Employee benefits	47,808	44,000	41,815	2,185
Repair and maintenance	57,700	78,400	65,608	12,792
Utilities	52,800	53,000	52,314	686
Insurance	768	600	467	133
Other operating expenses	26,500	25,290	30,914	(5,624)
Capital outlay	34,500	31,550	30,870	680
Total parks	455,830	461,365	429,383	31,982
Total health, welfare, and				
recreation	668,423	656,280	604,847	51,433
Economic development				
State plan service	17,500	16,150	15,907	243
Professional fees	32,500	32,500	11,455	21,045
Tourism advertising	750	1,410	746	664
Travel	3,000	3,000	1,174	1,826
Maintenance	41,000	42,000	24,215	17,785
Miscellaneous	23,500	22,500	8,724	13,776
Capital outlay	624,775	40,000	10,830	29,170
Total economic development	743,025	157,560	73,051	84,509
Debt service				
Principal payments	151,624	151,624	93,336	58,288
Interest payments	47,464	47,500	47,499	1
Paying agent fees	2,000	2,000	1,778	222
Total debt service	201,088	201,124	142,613	58,511
Total expenditures	7,046,043	6,541,618	6,119,920	421,698

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amount	(Negative)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(433,029)	(134,015)	554,159	688,174
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out Sale of general fixed assets	1,119,916 (767,000) -	1,052,559 (923,840) 18,800	1,053,839 (922,573) 58,823	1,280 1,267 40,023
Total other financing sources (uses)	352,916	147,519	190,089	42,570
Net change in fund balance	(80,113)	13,504	744,248	730,744
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,622,819	3,622,819	3,622,819	-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 3,542,706	\$ 3,636,323	\$ 4,367,067	\$ 730,744

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual	Less: Encumbrances	Add: Encumbrances	Actual Revenues/ Expenditures (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	7/1/2016	6/30/2017	Basis)	(Negative)
Revenues							
Intergovernmental revenues							
Local funds							
Henderson County							
Current year tax levy	\$ 420,000	\$ 392,737	\$ 393,059	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 393,059	\$ 322
Prior year tax receipts	17,500	17,500	19,827	-	-	19,827	2,327
Mixed drink tax	600	577	577	-	-	577	-
Local sales tax	705,000	672,700	672,768	-	-	672,768	68
Interstate telecommunication taxes	500	422	422	-		422	
Bank excise tax	4,500	3,748	3,749	-	_	3,749	1
Marriage licenses	400	319	320	-	-	320	1
Other	7,800	6,614	6,620	-	-	6,620	6
State funds	,	*	,				
Basic education	4,939,000	4,952,000	4,952,000	-	-	4,952,000	_
Early childhood education	202,323	202.114	202.113	_	_	202.113	(1)
Career ladder	32,000	27,188	29,289	_	-	29,289	2,101
Coordinated School Health	92,000	92,000	91,998	_	_	91,998	(2)
Internet Connectivity	3,500	2,370	2,370	_	_	2,370	-
Student Management	2.600	_,		_	_		_
Safe schools grant	2,000	5.230	5.230	_	_	5.230	_
Other State education funds	76,985	114,836	113,784		_	113,784	(1,052)
Federal funds	70,000	114,000	110,704			110,704	(1,002)
Title I grants	275,715	287,914	284,139	_	_	284,139	(3,775)
Other Federal through State	275,715	201,514	204,100	_		204,100	(0,770)
Special education grants to state	256,983	258.220	248.755		-	248.755	(9,465)
Special education grants to state Special education preschool - idea	3,921	4,125	5.519	_	-	5.519	1,394
English language acquisition grant	737	4,123	3,31 9 464	-	-	464	1,354
IDEA inclusion grant	19,565	19.028	17.580	-	-	17,580	(1,448)
Title IIA - improving teach quality	46.746	47,586	44.615	-	-	44,615	(2,971)
Title IIA - Improving teach quality	40,740	47,500	44,015		***	44,013	(2,971)
Total Intergovernmental revenues	7,108,375	7,107,692	7,095,198		_	7,095,198	(12,494)
Other revenues							
Interest income	5,500	4,800	5,397			5,397	597
Receipts from individual schools	1.000	48,092	68.304	=	-	68.304	20.212
On-behalf payments	1,000	50,000	41,129	-	-	41,129	(8,871)
Miscellaneous revenues	2,500	9,800	12,411	-	-	12,411	2,611
Miscellarieous revenues	2,500	9,600	12,411			12,411	2,011
Total other revenues	9,000	112,692	127,241	-		127,241	14,549
Total Revenues	7,117,375	7,220,384	7,222,439	-	_	7,222,439	2,055

	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Less: Encumbrances	Add: Encumbrances	Actual Revenues/ Expenditures (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	7/1/2016	6/30/2017	Basis)	(Negative)
Expenditures							
Instruction							
Regular instruction program Supervisor/directors	_	3,500	3,500		_	3,500	
Teachers	2,197,186	2,390,722	2,367,327	_	_	2,367,327	23,395
Career ladder program	13,000	13,000	11,500	_	_	11,500	1,500
Homebound teachers	-	811	811	_	_	811	-
Educational assistants	62,546	109,126	108,223	-	-	108,223	903
Bonus payments	-	33,793	33,793	-	-	33,793	-
Other salaries and wages	166,936	58,810	58,809	-	-	58,809	1
Certified substitute teachers	24,000	12,265	12,186	-	-	12,186	79
Non-certified substitute teachers	25,500	36,287	35,787	-	-	35,787	500
Social security	151,829	152,020	151,336	-	-	151,336	684
Administrative costs	2,750	2,750	- 004 040	-	-		2,750
State retirement	214,892	222,707	221,243	-	~	221,243	1,464
Life insurance	6,120	6,120	5,335	-	-	5,335	785 5.088
Medical insurance Dental insurance	387,129 6,762	384,069 6,900	378,081 6,423	-	-	378,081 6,423	5,988 477
Unemployment compensation	4,100	5,330	5,329	-	-	5,329	1
Local retirement	2,946	5,590	4,992	_	_	4,992	598
Employer medicare	35,191	35,959	35,532	_	_	35,532	427
On-behalf payments	-	50,000	41,129	_	_	41,129	8,871
Maintenance and repair - equipment	1,000	1,000		-	_		1,000
Other contracted services	46,500	76,500	62,435	-	-	62,435	14,065
Instructional supplies	44,200	69,507	68,479	-	-	68,479	1,028
Textbooks	27,500	27,500	26,549	-	-	26,549	951
Other supplies and materials	9,000	12,450	10,899	-	_	10,899	1,551
Other charges	3,000	3,829	867	-	-	867	2,962
Regular instruction equipment	20,000	54,223	54,223	_	-	54,223	
Total regular instruction program	3,452,087	3,774,768	3,704,788	_	-	3,704,788	69,980
3	***************************************			MINISTERNAL DEL PRINCIPAL DEL PRINCIPA			
Alternative instruction							
Contracts with other school systems	26,000	26,000	26,000	_	*	26,000	_
Total alternative instruction	26,000	26,000	26,000	_	_	26,000	-
Special education							
Teachers	356,448	340,024	314,664	-	-	314,664	25,360
Career ladder program	2,000	2,000	1,000	-	-	1,000	1,000
Educational assistants	157,156	149,291	148,618	-	-	148,618	673
Speech pathology	-	47,172	47,172	-	-	47,172	-
Other salaries and wages	- 0.000	24,568	21,482	-	-	21,482	3,086
Certified substitute teachers	2,000	2,000	1,960	-	-	1,960	40
Non-certified substitute teachers Social security	4,500 31,445	8,695 35,044	8,705 30,218	-	~	8,705 30,218	(10) 4,826
State retirement	31,820	36,260	34,722	-	-	34,722	1,538
Medical insurance	104,110	114,881	111,474	_	-	111,474	3,407
Dental insurance	966	1,640	1,640	_		1,640	5,407
Unemployment compensation	1,050	1,068	1,027	_	_	1,027	41
Local retirement	6,646	5,794	5,465	_	_	5,465	329
Employer medicare	7,353	8,236	7,081	_	_	7,081	1,155
Contracts with other schools	4,000	1,715	-	_	_	-	1,715
Other contracted services	40,355	3,168	1,425	-	-	1,425	1,743
Instructional supplies	6,267	4,996	1,013	-	-	1,013	3,983
Other supplies and materials	500	1,334	1,334	-	-	1,334	-
Total special education	756,616	787,886	739,000	-	-	739,000	48,886
Student body education							
Other salaries and wages	81,402	81,402	77,753	_	_	77,753	3,649
Social security	5,047	5,047	4,356	_		4,356	691
State retirement	7,359	7,359	7,029	_		7,029	330
Medical insurance	14,908	14,908	14,740	_	_	14,740	168
Dental insurance	276	276	276	_	_	276	-
Unemployment compensation	100	100	96	_		96	4
Employer medicare	1,180	1,180	1,019	_	_	1,019	161
Travel	500	500	-,5.0	-	_	-,5.5	500
Other contracted services	12,000	12,000	12,000	_	-	12,000	
Other charges	6,000	6,000	5,619			5,619	381
Total student body education	128,772	128,772	122,888	-	_	122,888	5,884_
Total instruction	4,363,475	4,717,426	4,592,676	_	_	4,592,676	124,750

	Budgeted :	∆mounts	Actual	Less: Encumbrances	Add: Encumbrances	Actual Revenues/ Expenditures (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	7/1/2016	6/30/2017	Basis)	(Negative)
Expenditures(continued) Support services			made a series and a		Processor and the second secon	With the second	
Attendance							
Postal charges	300	300	294	_		294	6
Other contracted services	4,800	4,800	1,718	_	_	1,718	3,082
Other supplies and materials	500	500	1,710	_		1,710	500
Inservice/staff development	2,000	2,000	2,784	_	_	2,784	(784)
Other charges	500	500		-		-	500
Total attendance	8,100	8,100	4,796	-		4,796	3,304
Health instruction program		50.707	50.707			50.707	
Supervisor/directors Medical personnel	62,000	58,737	58,737	-	-	58,737	-
Other salaries	68,430	65,177 9,693	65,177 9,693	-	-	65,177 9,693	-
Social security	8,086	9,693 7,437		-	-		- 41
State retirement			7,396	-	-	7,396	41
	5,301 21,496	5,310	5,310	-	-	5,310	-
Health insurance		25,055	25,055	-	-	25,055	-
Dental insurance	138	138	138	-	-	138	- ,
Unemployment insurance	200	244	240	-	-	240	4
Local retirement	1,602	1,651	1,651	-	-	1,651	-
Employer medicare	1,891	1,761	1,730	-	-	1,730	31
Postal charges	100	56	56	-	-	56	-
Other contracted services	8,226	8,226	8,226	-	~	8,226	- 140
Other supplies and materials Inservice/staff development	2,093 1,373	2,889 1,536	2,743 1,536		-	2,743 1,536	146
Total health instruction program	180,936	187,910	187,688			187,688	222
Other student support							
Career ladder program	4,000	4,000	3,000			3,000	1,000
Guidance personnel	107,195	107,250	107,250	-	-	107,250	1,000
Social workers	49,491	49,623	49,623	-	-	49,623	-
Assessment personnel	105,500	99,669	77,697	-	-	77,697	21,972
Social security	15,310	15,310	14,115	-	-		1,195
State retirement	23,782	23,782	21,476	-	-	14,115 21,476	2,306
Medical insurance	31,879	31,879	26,703	-	-	26,703	2,306 5,176
Dental insurance	483	483	26,703 425	-	-	26,703 425	5,176
Unemployment compensation	250	250	202	-	-	202	48
Employer medicare	3,815	3,815	3,301	-	-	3,301	514
Contracts with government agencies	1,000	96,609	96,520	-	-	96,520	89
Evaluation and testing	12,000	5,026	1,789	-	-	1,789	3,237
Other contracted services	12,000	4,035	4,035	-	-	4,035	3,231
Other charges	886	886	5,813	-	-	5,813	(4,927)
Other charges Other equipment	-	5,813	5,613	-			5,813
Total other student support	355,591	448,430	411,949	-	-	411,949	36,481
Regular instruction program							
Supervisor/Director	151,724	152,170	152,170	_	-	152,170	_
Career ladder program	4,000	4,000	4,000	_	_	4,000	_
Libraries	101,000	99,000	98,571	_	_	98,571	429
Other salaries	185,392	125,398	125,395	_	_	125,395	3
In-service training	5,000	120,000	120,000	_	_	120,000	_
Social security	29,022	24,616	23,152	_		23,152	1,464
State retirement	39,121	33,610	33,144		_	33,144	466
Medical insurance	53,228	46,096	43,630			43,630	2,466
Dental insurance	690	552	552			552	2,400
Unemployment compensation	349	320	286			286	34
Employer medicare	6,482	5,614	5,129	_		5,129	485
Consultants	3,000	5,014	5,125	-		5,129	400
Dues and memberships	1,000	1,000	480	-	-	480	520
Travel	500	557	557	_	-	557	520
Other contracted services	29,000	31,738	27,293	-	4,446	31,739	(1)
Food supplies	-	500	489	-	-	489	11
Library books and media	9,000	9,000	9,000	-	-	9,000	-
Other supplies and materials	11,000	9,000	8,124	-	-	8,124	876
Inservice/staff development	13,590	32,887	30,416	-	-	30,416	2,471
Other charges Other equipment	700 3,000	1,900	1,565	-	-	1,565 	335
	646,798	577,958	563,953		4,446	568,399	9,559

	Budgeted /	Amounts	Actual	Less: Encumbrances	Add: Encumbrances	Actual Revenues/ Expenditures (Budgetary	Variance wi Final Budge Positive
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	7/1/2016	6/30/2017	Basis)	(Negative
kpenditures(continued) Support services(continued)							
Special Education							
Psychological personnel	28,560						
Social security	1,702	-			-	_	
State retirement	2,481	-	-	_	_	_	_
Medical insurance	5,061						
Dental insurance	69			_	_		_
Unemployment compensation	50			_			
Employer medicare	398			_			_
Other contracted services	17,000	28,329	28,329	_	_	28,329	_
Inservice/staff development	3,040	3,238	3,238			3,238	_
Total special education	58,361	31,567	31,567			31,567	_
Technology							
Supervisor/directors	45,269	45,269	44,992	_	_	44,992	2
Social security	23,847	26,056	25,809	-	-	25,809	2
State retirement	4,285	4,285	4,004	-	-	4,004	2
Medical insurance	6,190	11,095	11,095	-	-	11,095	2
Dental insurance	138	218	218	_		218	-
Unemployment compensation	100	100	97	-	-	97	-
Local retirement	4,147	4,147	4,142	-	-	4,142	
Employer medicare	4,147 1,002	4,147 1,002	936	-	-	4,142 936	
Dues and memberships	200	200	60	-	-	936 60	1
Repair and maintenance - equipment	7,000	5,000	4,426	-	-	4,426	5
Travel	1,000	1,000	4,426 348	-	-	4,426 348	6
Other contracted services	80,000	112,601	83,354	-	29,000	112,354	2
Other supplies and materials	17,000	9,300	9,282	-	29,000	9,282	
Inservice/staff development		1,100	9,262	-	-	9,262	1
	3,000		773	-	-	773	2
Other charges Other equipment	1,000 8,000	1,000 13,805	6,461			6,461	7,3
Total technology	202,178	236,178	196,938	-	29,000	225,938	10,2
Total support services	1,451,964	1,490,143	1,396,891	-	33,446	1,430,337	59,8
General administration Board of education Board and committee members	29,400	29,400	29,400	-	-	29,400	-
Social security	1,822	1,581	1,411	-	-	1,411	1
Medical insurance	50,147	47,647	47,551	-	-	47,551	
Dental insurance	-	276	276	-	-	276	-
Unemployment compensation	-	176	174	-	-	174	
Employer medicare	426	426	330	-	-	330	
Audit services	25,000	25,000	25,000	-	-	25,000	
Dues and subscriptions	9,000	7,500	7,434	- `	-	7,434	
Legal services	6,000	8,000	6,191	-	-	6,191	1,8
Printing, stationery, etc	100	1,692	1,692	-	-	1,692	
Travel	1,000			-	-	-	
Other contracted services	7,000	11,533	10,697	-	-	10,697	8
Other supplies and materials	100	100	-	-	-	-	1
Liability insurance	13,000	13,122	13,122	-	-	13,122	
Surety bonds	650	650	563	-	-	563	
Trustee's commission	19,000	17,057	15,835	-	-	15,835	1,2
Workmans compensation	18,000	18,531	18,531	-	-	18,531	
Inservice/staff development	3,000	1,000	964	-	-	964	
Refunds to applicants	500	512	512	-	-	512	
Other charges	8,000	9,943	9,355			9,355	
Total board of education	192,145	194,146	189,038	-		189,038	5,
Office of education			4.5 = 5 :				
County officials	99,500	99,500	96,709	-	-	96,709	2,7
Career ladder program	1,000	1,000	1,000	-	-	1,000	
Social security	6,231	6,231	5,602	-	-	5,602	6
Medical insurance	8,224	8,491	8,491	-	-	8,491	
Dental insurance	138	138	138	-	-	138	
Unemployment compensation	60	60	48	-	-	48	
Employer medicare	1,457	1,457	1,310	-	-	1,310	•
Communication	12,000	12,371	12,371	-	-	12,371	
Dues and memberships	3,500	3,500	3,048	~	-	3,048	4
Postage	1,500	1,500	1,309	-	-	1,309	
Travel	2,000	200	166	-	-	166	
Other contracted services	1,000	-	-	-	-	-	
Office supplies	3,000	2,629	1,638	-	-	1,638	Ç
Inservice/staff development	2,000	2,000	1,182	-	-	1,182	8
Other charges	3,160	6,560	5,996	-	-	5,996	
Administrative equipment	1,000	133			-		
Total office of oder ""			400.000			400.000	
Total office of education	145,770	145,770	139,008		-	139,008	6,7

				Less:	Add:	Actual Revenues/ Expenditures	Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted / Original	Amounts Final	Actual (GAAP Basis)	Encumbrances 7/1/2016	Encumbrances 6/30/2017	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Expenditures(continued)	Original	FIIIdI	(GAAF Basis)	1/1/2016	6/30/2017	Dasis)	(ivegative)
General administration(continued)							
Office of principal							
Principals	143,823	143,825	143,825	-	-	143,825	-
Career ladder program	3,000	3,000	3,000	-	-	3,000	-
Accountants and bookkeepers	41,737	44,036	44,036	-	-	44,036	-
Assistant principal	180,510	174,910	174,828	-	-	174,828	82
Clerical personnel	41,719	43,844	43,844	-	-	43,844	-
Social security	25,270	25,270	24,748	-	-	24,748	522
State retirement	29,591	29,462	28,942	-	-	28,942	520
Medical insurance	32,704	26,704	26,361	-	-	26,361	343
Dental insurance	552	673	673	-	-	673	-
Unemployment compensation	500	500	432	-	-	432	68
Local retirement	4,909	5,036	5,036	-	-	5,036	-
Employer medicare	5,956	5,956	5,788	-	-	5,788	168
Dues and memberships	2,000	2,000	2,000	-	-	2,000	-
Postage	1,500	1,500	1,500	-	-	1,500	-
Travel	500	500	30	-	-	30	470
Other contracted services	1,200	1,861	1,861	-	-	1,861	-
Office supplies	1,500	1,500	1,500	-	-	1,500	-
Inservice/staff development	1,500	9,776	9,776	-	-	9,776	-
Other charges	1,325	5,342	5,342	-	-	5,342	-
Indirect costs	3,036	-	-	-	-	-	-
Administrative equipment	1,000	102	-	-		-	102
Total office of principal	523,832	525,797	523,522	*		523,522	2,275
Fiscal services							
Accountants and bookkeepers	93,967	93,967	91,423			91,423	2,544
Purchasing personnel	45,949	45,965	45,965		_	45,965	2,544
Clerical personnel	23,703	23,705	23,705	_	_	23,705	_
Other salaries and wages	1,000	1,000	20,700			20,700	1,000
Social security	10,206	10,178	8,967			8,967	1,211
Medical insurance	25.638	25,638	24,055			24,055	1,583
Dental insurance	414	414	414	_		414	1,505
Unemployment compensation	300	300	194			194	106
Local retirement	6,500	6,500	6,492			6,492	8
Employer medicare	2,387	2,387	2,097			2,097	290
Dues and memberships	300	300	2,001			2,007	300
Other contracted services	8,845	8,855	8,855	_	_	8,855	300
Data processing supplies	1,000	1,000	268			268	732
Office supplies	2,300	2,300	832	_	_	832	1,468
Inservice/staff development	3,000	3,000	2,749		**	2,749	251
Total fiscal services	225,509	225,509	216,016	_	_	216,016	9,493
Plant operations							
Janitorial services	331,308	318,444	315,462	-	-	315,462	2,982
Disposal fees	4,000	3,204	3,204	-	-	3,204	-
Permits	500	515	515	-	-	515	-
Other contracted services	25,000	19,500	19,492	-	-	19,492	8
Electricity	305,000	373,654	373,654	-	-	373,654	
Natural gas	33,000	25,300	25,282	-	-	25,282	18
Water	30,000	22,500	22,414	-	-	22,414	86
Other supplies and materials	100	41	-	-	-		41
Boiler insurance	1,400	1,456	1,456	-		1,456	-
Building and contents insurance	30,700	32,007	31,707	-	-	31,707	300
Vehicle and equipment	9,000	9,387	9,387	-	-	9,387	-
Total plant operations	770,008	806,008	802,573		-	802,573	3,435

	Budgeted /	Amounts	Actual	Less: Encumbrances	Add: Encumbrances	Actual Revenues/ Expenditures (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	7/1/2016	6/30/2017	Basis)	(Negative)
Expenditures(continued)							
General administration(continued)							
Plant maintenance							
Part time personnel	6,000	6,000	1,606	-	-	1,606	4,394
Social security	434	434	100	-	-	100	334
Unemployment compensation	25	25	7	-	-	7	18
Employer medicare	102	102	23	_	-	23	79
Contracts with government agencies	110,000	101,000	94,607		-	94,607	6,393
Maintenance and repair - buildings	35,000	10,000	5,347	-	-	5,347	4,653
Maintenance and repair - equipment	5,000	5,000	3,037	_	_	3,037	1,963
Maintenance and repair - other equipment	500	500	· -	-	-	· <u>-</u>	500
Other contracted services	75,000	65,000	62,189	_	_	62,189	2,811
Gasoline	3,000	3,000	1,631	_	_	1,631	1,369
Vehicle parts	1,000	1,000	342	_	_	342	658
Other supplies and materials	30,000	40,000	38,839	_	_	38,839	1,161
Inservice/staff development	800	800	-	_	_	-	800
Other charges	500	500	_	_	_	_	500
Maintenance equipment	2,000	717	717	_	_	717	-
Mainenance equipment	2,000						
Total plant maintenance	269,361	234,078	208,445	-		208,445	25,633
Central and other							
Other contracted services	_	-	4,000	4,000	-	_	_
	The second secon						
Total central and other			4,000	4,000			
Total general administration	2,126,625	2,131,308	2,082,602	4,000	-	2,078,602	52,706
Early childhood education							
Teachers	93,127	94,367	94,367	-	-	94,367	-
Educational assistants	50,369	50,630	50,630	_		50,630	_
Certified substitute teachers	2,200	1,400	1,400	-	_	1,400	-
Non-certified substitute teachers	1,200	2,865	2,865	-	-	2,865	_
Social security	9,033	8,852	8,852	_	_	8,852	
State retirement	8,420	8,531	8,531		-	8,531	_
Medical insurance	18.842	18,102	18,102	_	-	18.102	_
Dental insurance	414	414	414	_	_	414	_
Unemployment compensation	350	263	263	-	-	263	_
Local retirement	2,016	2.028	2,028	_		2,028	_
Employer medicare	2.116	2,071	2.070	_	_	2.070	1
Travel	100	2,57	2,0.0	_	_	2,0.0	_ `
Instructional supplies	3,300	3,299	3,299	_	_	3,299	_
Other supplies and materials	897	261	261	_	_	261	_
Indirect costs	7,939	6,233	6,233	_	-	6,233	_
Inservice/staff development	1,500	1,586	1.585	-		1,585	1
Other charges	500	536	536	-	-	536	
Regular instruction equipment	500	677	677	-	-	677	-
- , ,	200.05-				-		
Total early childhood education	202,323	202,115	202,113		-	202,113	2

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual (GAAP Basis)	Less: Encumbrances 7/1/2016	Add: Encumbrances 6/30/2017	Actual Revenues/ Expenditures (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive
Expenditures(continued)	Original	Fillal	(GAAP Basis)	7/1/2016	6/30/2017	Dasisj	(Negative)
Debt service							
Principal payments	45,232	45,232	45,232	-	-	45,232	_
Interest payments	10,048	10,048	10,048			10,048	-
Total debt service	55,280	55,280	55,280			55,280	_
Capital outlay							
Building improvements	_	10,000	-	_	-	-	10,000
Other capital outlay		10,000	56,222		20,000	76,222	(66,222)
Total capital outlay		20,000	56,222		20,000	76,222	(56,222)
Total Expenditures	8,199,667	8,616,272	8,385,784	4,000	53,446	8,435,230	181,042
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,082,292)	(1,395,888)	(1,163,345)	(4,000)	(53,446)	(1,212,791)	183,097
Other financing sources and (uses) Transfers in	1,070,939	1,069,233	1,119,222			1,119,222	49,989
Total other financing sources and (uses)	1,070,939	1,069,233	1,119,222		-	1,119,222	49,989
Net change in fund balance	(11,353)	(326,655)	(44,123)	(4,000)	(53,446)	(93,569)	233,086
Fund balance - beginning of year	991,574	991,574	991,574			991,574	-
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 980,221	\$ 664,919	\$ 947,451	\$ (4,000)	\$ (53,446)	\$ 898,005	\$ ·233,086

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	В	FUNDS		
	GAS	WATER SYSTEMS	ELECTRIC	
	FUND	FUND	DEPARTMENT	TOTALS
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,990,260	\$ 1,561,345	\$ 10,585,795	\$ 17,137,400
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	-	-	1,521,282	1,521,282
Investments Investments - restricted	-	40,796	100,000	40,796 100,000
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	701,201	-	2,715,285	3,416,486
Current portion of advance to other funds	58,991	-	2,713,203	58,991
Grant receivables	535	36,787	_	37,322
Other receivables	358	8,120	141,654	150,132
Due from other funds	78,644	594,378	-	673,022
Inventory	216,402	184,527	269,954	670,883
Natural gas storage Prepaid expenses	577,548	- 78,932	42 442	577,548
Tepalu expenses	36,915	10,932	42,442	158,289
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	6,660,854	2,504,885	15,376,412	24,542,151
		2,001,000	,,	
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT				
Land	374,348	76,153	-	450,501
Buildings	287,627	504,678	-	792,305
Equipment	1,723,347	1,958,963	-	3,682,310
General plant	-	-	6,081,916	6,081,916
Distribution plant	14,569,435	40,869,370	61,150,153	116,588,958
Construction in progress	366,389	87,015	955,742	1,409,146
TOTAL PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	17,321,146	43,496,179	68,187,811	129,005,136
Less accumulated depreciation	(10,069,757)	(19,948,318)	(26,717,463)	(56,735,538)
NET PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	7,251,389	23,547,861	41,470,348	72,269,598
HET THOSE ENTITY EART AND EXCHINENT	7,201,000	20,047,001	41,470,040	72,200,000
OTHER ASSETS				
Note receivable - TVA Home Insulation Program	-	-	489,316	489,316
Advance to other funds - noncurrent portion	120,128	-	-	120,128
Deposits	-	65	-	65
Other deferred costs	-	-	468,189	468,189
Bond refunding, net of accumulated amortization	-	-	44,089	44,089
Bond issue costs, net of accumulated amortization	-		241,078	241,078
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS	120,128	65	1,242,672	1,362,865
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS	120,120		1,242,072	1,302,003
TOTAL ASSETS	14,032,371	26,052,811	58,089,432	98,174,614
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows related to pensions	250,352	404,330	1,452,606	2,107,288
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	177,873	120,704	3,618,358	3,916,935
Accrued expenses	53,004	109,951	176,980	339,935
Accrued interest Compensated absences	21,522	74,143	129,941 394,445	225,606 394,445
Customer deposits	406,605	151,900	466,953	1,025,458
Due to other funds	584,929	31,026	-100,000	615,955
Current portion of long-term debt	386,340	2,263,258	730,000	3,379,598
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	1,630,273	2,750,982	5,516,677	9,897,932
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES				
Compensated absences	325,215	393,510	1,233,464	1,952,189
Bonds and notes payable (net of unamortized bond premiums)	1,719,687	8,286,947	13,206,131	23,212,765
Net pension liability	453,265	744,158	3,585,412	4,782,835
Other post employment benefits Advances from Home Installation Program	104,292	101,442	1,326,448	1,532,182
Advances from Frome installation Frogram			489,342	489,342
TOTAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	2,602,459	9,526,057	19,840,797	31,969,313
	2,002,100	0,020,007	10,010,101	01,000,010
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,232,732	12,277,039	25,357,474	41,867,245
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows - pensions	136,628	224,313		360,941
NET BOOKEON				
NET POSITION	F 44F 005	40.007.055	07 500 040	/F 700 000
Net investment in capital assets	5,145,362	12,997,656	27,590,348	45,733,366
Restricted for debt service	4 760 004	050 422	1,491,341	1,491,341
Unrestricted net position	4,768,001	958,133	5,102,875	10,829,009
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 9,913,363	\$ 13,955,789	\$ 34,184,564	\$ 58,053,716
	Ţ 5,010,000		,,,,,,,,,,,,	30,000,110

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS GAS WATER SYSTEMS ELECTRIC **FUND FUND** DEPARTMENT **TOTALS OPERATING REVENUES** Charges for services \$ 5,355,790 \$ 5,981,562 46,974,301 \$ 58,311,653 Miscellaneous 6,304 837,809 846,340 2,227 **TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES** 5,358,017 5,987,866 47,812,110 59,157,993 **OPERATING EXPENSES** Natural gas purchases 2,746,920 2,746,920 100,921 Water purchases 100,921 Purchased for resale 35,701,316 35,701,316 Personnel expenses 1,389,222 2,281,096 3,670,318 Supplies 322,068 322,068 Utilities 26.452 430,075 456.527 Repairs and maintenance 196,138 580,009 1,681,686 2,457,833 Professional fees 15,145 52,320 67,465 5,477,751 Operating expenses 76.183 44,728 5,356,840 Rent 26,400 49,600 76,000 Office expense 155,759 96,338 252,097 Transportation expense 31,031 50,723 81,754 Insurance 123,896 27,932 95,964 Taxes and tax equivalents 272.689 272,689 Memberships and subscriptions 18,964 18,964 Miscellaneous 2,514 2,514 Depreciation and amortization 1,046,359 2,299,570 518,833 3,864,762 **TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES** 5,233,215 5,148,479 45,312,101 55,693,795 **OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)** 124,802 839,387 2,500,009 3,464,198 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest income 23,810 2,821 52,611 79,242 Sale of materials 6,138 6,138 Amortization of debt expense (10,463)(10,463)Accretion of debt premiums 504 3,797 4,301 (39,970)(39.970)Miscellaneous expense TEAC settlement 102,168 102,168 Gain (loss) on sale of asset 34,000 3,850 37,850 Interest expense (82,457)(329,981)(481,037)(893,475)TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 78,025 (313,375)(478,859)(714,209)NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS 202,827 526,012 2,021,150 2,749,989 Transfers to other funds (144, 128)(108,431)(801,280)(1,053,839)**CHANGE IN NET POSITION** 58,699 417,581 1,219,870 1,696,150 NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR, as originally stated 9,920,421 13,600,737 32,964,694 56,485,852 Prior period adjustment (62,529)(65,757) (128, 286)NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR, as restated 9,854,664 13,538,208 32,964,694 56,357,566 **NET POSITION - END OF YEAR** 9,913,363 13,955,789 34,184,564 \$ 58,053,716

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS					
	GAS FUND	WATER SYSTEMS FUND	ELECTRIC DEPARTMENT	TOTALS		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers	A 5.000.005	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	47.040.440			
Cash received from other funds for services	\$ 5,302,895 15,858	\$ 6,005,313	\$ 47,812,110 -	\$ 59,120,318 15,858		
Other operating cash receipts	2,344	6,304	-	8,648		
Cash payments to city - tax equivalents	-	-	(801,280)	(801,280)		
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services	(3,492,581)		(39,937,793)	(45,260,694)		
Other operating cash payments	(1,300,604)	(2,236,271)	(2,945,919) (39,970)	(6,482,794) (39,970)		
Customer deposits received	-	-	189,511	189,511		
Customer deposits refunded	<u>.</u>		(218,460)	(218,460)		
Cash payments to other funds for services NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(66,605) 461,307	(25,484) 1,919,542	4,058,199	(92,089) 6,439,048		
NET GROWTHOUSED BY OF EIGHTNO ACTIVITIES	401,307	1,313,342	4,000,199	0,439,040		
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
TEAC settlement	102,168	- (400 404)	-	102,168		
Amounts paid to other funds Sale of materials	(144,128)	(108,431) 6,138	-	(252,559) 6,138		
Advances from Home Insulation Program	_	-	59,015	59,015		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) NON-CAPITAL						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(41,960)	(102,293)	59,015	(85,238)		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisition and construction of fixed assets	(538,244)	(596,307)	(1,985,253)	(3,119,804)		
Plant removal cost	-	-	(279,172)	(279,172)		
Materials salvaged from retirements Gain on sale of capital assets	24.000	- 3,850	28,411	28,411 37,850		
Debt proceeds	34,000	186,096	6,810,000	6,996,096		
Debt issue costs	-	-	(97,101)	(97,101)		
Loss on refunding of bonds	-	•	(44,089)	(44,089)		
Premium on issuance of bonds	-	-	56,131	56,131		
Advances to other funds Principal payments on long-term debt	58,288 (371,268)	(703,232)	(7,230,000)	58,288 (8,304,500)		
Interest paid on long-term debt	(85,130)		(480,867)	(899,275)		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(902,354)	(1,442,871)	(3,221,940)	(5,567,165)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Purchase of investments	_	(103)	(100,000)	(100,103)		
Proceeds from sale of investments	-	-	100,702	100,702		
Notes receivable - TVA Home Insulation Program	-	-	(58,996)	(58,996)		
Interest on cash and investments	23,810	2,821	52,611	79,242		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	23,810	2,718	(5,683)	20,845		
Extraordinary item			_	-		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(459,197)	377,096	889,591	807,490		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,449,457	1,184,249	11,217,486	17,851,192		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 4,990,260	\$ 1,561,345	\$ 12,107,077	\$ 18,658,682		
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME FROM OPERATIONS TO NET						
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Income (loss) from operating activities	\$ 124,802	\$ 839,387	\$ 2,500,009	\$ 3,464,198		
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash Depreciation and amortization	518,833	1,046,359	2,299,570	3,864,762		
Amounts paid to City - tax equivalents	-	-	(801,280)	(801,280)		
Miscellaneous expense	-	-	(39,970)			
Change in pension related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	3,163	9,937	116	13,216		
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(59,476)		130,504	71,028		
(Increase) decrease in other receivables	117	26,329	-	26,446		
(Increase) decrease in inventory	(11,191)	•	(32,278)	(48,659)		
(Increase) decrease in prepaid assets	2,838	13,755	(23,318)	(6,725)		
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	(66,605)		-	(116,134)		
(Increase) decrease in natural gas storage Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(213,342) 54,274	(30,632)	(356,622)	(213,342) (332,980)		
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	15,858	24,045	(000,022)	39,903		
Increase (decrease) in pension liability	23,499	38,580	199,473	261,552		
Increase (decrease) in OPEB	38,535	38,912	192,653	270,100		
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	6,581	(2,578)	(28,949)	(24,946)		
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	13,440 9,981	(42,604) 12,771	18,291	(10,873) 22,752		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 461,307	\$ 1,919,542	\$ 4,058,199	\$ 6,479,018		
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES	•	•				
OPEB		\$ -	\$ 192,653	\$ 192,653		

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	School Activity		Pension Trust Funds			
	Agency		Municipal		Electric	
ASSETS		Fund	Employees		Employees	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	104,625	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts receivable		13		-		-
Investments:						
Mutual funds (market value)		-	11,	093,198		8,389,312
Annuities (market value)		-		205,029		-
TOTAL ASSETS	W 24400000000000000000000000000000000000	104,638	11,	298,227	Wittenshipsionscomic Publiship	8,389,312
LIABILITIES Accrued liabilities		104,638				
Accided liabilities		104,000			***********	_
NET POSITION						
Held in trust for pension benefits		-	11,	298,227		8,389,312
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	-	\$ 11,	298,227	\$	8,389,312

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE PENSION TRUST FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Pension T			
	Municipal	Electric		
	Employees	Employees	Total	
Additions				
Contributions and other additions	\$ 609,723	\$ 439,242	\$ 1,048,965	
Investment income	2,947	1,037,994	1,040,941	
Net investment gain/(loss)	98,830_		98,830	
Total Additions	711,500	1,477,236	2,188,736	
Deductions				
Fees	68,182	3,410	71,592	
Benefits	57,984	356,983	414,967	
Dividends and interest paid	_		_	
Total Deductions	126,166	360,393	486,559	
Net increase (decrease) in net position	585,334	1,116,843	1,702,177	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	10,712,893	7,272,469	17,985,362	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 11,298,227	\$ 8,389,312	\$ 19,687,539	

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City complies with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

1. A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City's financial reporting entity comprises the following:

Primary Government: City of Lexington

Blended Component Units: None

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," and includes all component units of which the City appointed a voting majority of the units' board; the City is either able to impose its will on the unit or a financial benefit or burden relationship exists.

Blended Component Units

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same or substantially the same as the City Board or the component unit provides services entirely to the City. These component units' funds are blended into those of the City's by appropriate activity type to compose the primary government presentation. Currently, the City has no blended component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above but do not meet the criteria for blending. Currently, the City has no discretely presented component units.

1. B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments for in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the

government's utility functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

Capital Project Fund

The Capital Project Fund is used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items. The reporting entity includes only one Capital Project Fund and it is used to account for the acquisition of capital assets with transfers made from the General Fund.

Debt Service

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of interest and principal on the general long-term debt of the city other than debt service payments made by enterprise funds. This fund is used to pay the debt of the post office building. The building is rented to the U.S. Postal Service. Rental payments are used for the payment of principal and interest.

Proprietary Fund

Enterprise Fund

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

Fiduciary Funds (Not included in government-wide statements)

Agency Funds

Agency funds account for assets held by the City in a purely custodial capacity. The reporting entity includes one agency fund. Since agency funds are custodial in nature (i.e., assets equal liabilities) they do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The agency fund is as follows:

Fund	Brief Description
School Agency Fund	Accounts for student activity funds that record transactions related to resources held in fiduciary capacity for the general school population, or in some cases, for a specific segment of the school population.

Pension Trust Funds

Pension trust funds account for pension contributions, benefits, and distributions. The City has the following two funds: one for the Electric Department and another for the governmental departments and the remaining utility departments.

Major and Nonmajor Funds

The funds are further classified as major or nonmajor as follows:

Fund <i>Major:</i>	Brief Description
General	See above for description.
Special Revenue Fund: General Purpose School	Accounts for revenues and expenditures of the City's school.
Proprietary Fund: Natural Gas Fund	Accounts for activities of the government's natural gas distribution operations.
Water Systems Fund	Accounts for operations of the sewage facilities and the distribution of water.
Electric Department	Accounts for activities of the government's electric distribution operations.

Nonmajor

Special Revenue Funds:

State Street Aid Accounts for the state gas tax revenue and the expenditures legally

restricted to street maintenance.

School Tax Fund Accounts for revenues, which are primarily a portion of the State-

shared sales tax revenues and transfers from the General Fund, and

expenditures, which are primarily capital in nature.

School Food Service Accounts for the school cafeteria revenues and the expenditures.

related to disposal services.

awareness programs.

E-citation Fund Accounts for revenues generated from e-citations.

Police Drug Fund Accounts for revenues and expenditures on drug fines and

enforcement costs.

Debt Service Fund See above for description.

Capital Projects Fund See above for description.

1.C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates timing transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met; including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of yearend). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of yearend). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the cash is received by the government.

The proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The City does not allocate indirect costs.

1.D. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds.

The City adopts its budget in accordance with the State's legal requirement which is the level of classification detail at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General and Special Revenue Funds. These budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- b. Unused appropriations for each of the annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the year.
- c. Revisions to the budget may be made throughout the year in accordance with governing statutes and consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

1.E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSTION/FUND BALANCE

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the City. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is based on quoted market price. Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in Notes 2.B. and 3.A.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. See Note 3.H. for details of interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at year-end.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include property taxes, sales taxes, and grants. Business-type activities report utilities as their major receivables.

Inventories and Prepaid Expense

Inventories consist primarily of supplies, valued at cost, which approximates market. Cost is determined using current costs. All City inventories are maintained on a consumption basis of accounting where items are purchased for inventory and charged to the budgetary accounts as the items are consumed. Prepaid expenses are also maintained on the consumptive basis of accounting.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of bond issues, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

Bond Discounts / Issuance Costs

In the governmental funds bond discounts are treated as period costs in the year of issue. In the proprietary funds, bond discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method if it does not differ materially from the interest method.

Bond issuance costs are treated as expenses in the year incurred in both governmental and proprietary funds except for Lexington Electric System. Lexington Electric System capitalizes bond issue costs and amortizes these costs over the life of the bond issue.

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value some of the assets acquired prior to June 30, 2003.

Prior to July 1, 2002, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc.

The capitalization policy is as listed below:

1.	Real property – Land a. Land – non depreciable b. Land Improvements	\$1 \$5,000	
2.	Real property – Buildings	\$10,000	
3.	Motor Vehicles a. Cars/Light Trucks/Jeeps b. Trucks/Heavy c. Buses d. Vans	\$ 1,000 \$ 1,000 \$ 1,000 \$ 1,000	
4.	Equipment	\$ 1,000	
5.	Personal Property	\$ 1,000	

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	20-50
Equipment	5-20
Vehicles	6-15
Plant	20-50

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government's deferred outflows of resources are related to pension requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one

source: property taxes. The second deferred inflows of resources are related to the government's pension requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.

Long-term Debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of notes payable, capital lease payables, accrued compensated absences, and post-closure landfill costs.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principle and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

The City's policies regarding vacation and personal leave time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and personal leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this debt is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred.

Electric System

It is the System's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation pay has been accrued and is reflected as a current liability on the financial statements. All sick leave has been accrued and is reflected as both a current and non-current liability on the financial statements.

School System

The System's policy is to pay \$10 for every unused day of sick leave accumulated at retirement. The System's financial statements do not include a liability for compensated absences as the amount is not material.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which resources are considered applied. It is the government's policy to considered restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Net position is displayed in three components:

a. Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes,

or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.

- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority. The Board of Aldermen is the government's highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, be adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing board has by resolution authorized the finance director to assign fund balance. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Nonspendable fund balance is associated with inventories, prepaids, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed or assigned).

Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

The City has not yet adopted an order of fund balance spending policy. It considers that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Pensions - School System

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement Plan in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Teacher Retirement Plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

1.F. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXPENSES

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Sales Tax

The City presently levies a nine and three-quarters percent sales tax on taxable sales within the City. The sales tax is collected by the Tennessee Department of Revenue and remitted to the City in the month following receipt by the Department of Revenue. The Department of Revenue receives the sales tax approximately one month after collection by vendors. The sales tax is recorded in the General Fund and the School Tax Fund. Sales tax remitted to the City in July has been accrued and are included under the caption "Due from other governments."

Property Tax

Property taxes are levied annually on the first of January. The taxes are due and payable from the following October through February in the year succeeding the tax levy. An unperfected lien attaches by statute to property on March 1 for unpaid taxes from the prior year's levy. Taxes uncollected for one year past the due date are submitted to the Chancery Court for collection. Tax liens become perfected at the time the court enters judgment. In the fund financial statements, property taxes are recorded as revenue in the period levied to the extent they are collected within 60 days of year-end.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities. All revenues that are not generated from the daily operations are defined as non-operating.

Expenditures/ Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental funds – by Character: Current (further classified by function)

Debt Service Capital Outlay

Proprietary Fund – By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent, reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABLITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the City and its component units are subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the City's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over City resources follows.

2.A. FUND ACCOUNTING REQUIREMENTS

FundRequired ByE-citation FundState LawPolice Drug FundState Law

2.B. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS LAWS AND REGULATIONS

In accordance with state law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at the lower of market or par. Acceptable collateral includes certain U.S. Government or Government Agency securities, certain State of Tennessee or political subdivision debt obligations, or surety bonds. As required by 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the City must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee.

The City's investment policies are governed by State statute. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the U.S. Government and agency securities, certificates of deposit, and savings accounts. Collateral is required for demand deposits, certificates of deposits, and repurchase agreements at 105% of all amounts not covered by federal deposit insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its subdivisions. The City has no policy that further limits allowable investments.

Pension Plan Investments

Investments are stated at fair market value. The Plan's investments consist of mutual funds and annuities. Purchases and sales of mutual funds are recorded on the trade-date basis. The Electric Department's Plan investments consist only of mutual funds.

2.C. REVENUE RESTRICTIONS

The City has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Revenue Source

Sales Tax Gasoline Excise Tax Grants E-citation fees

Legal Restrictions of Use

Portion to fund city school program Street purposes Grant program expenditures E-citation equipment

2.D. FUND EQUITY RESTRICTIONS

Deficit Prohibition

Tennessee Statutes prohibits the creation of a deficit fund balance in any individual fund. The City had no deficit fund balances at June 30, 2017.

2.E. BUDGET

Lexinaton City Schools

The System is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. The budget is subject to approval by the Lexington City Council and the System cannot exceed the total budgeted expenditures.

The System uses a budgetary basis of accounting. It is consistent with GAAP, except that instances in which encumbrances are treated as budgeted expenditures. The difference between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis is presented on the face of each budgetary schedule.

NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

3.A. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The City's policies regarding deposits of cash are discussed in Note 1.D. The City maintains checking accounts with local banks. Also, some funds are held as certificates of deposit at local banks. Deposits are carried at cost plus accrued interest. The carrying amount of deposits is separately displayed on the balance sheet as "Cash and cash equivalents" and "investments". Investments consist of certificates of deposits at local banks whose original maturity exceeds three months.

The City's policies regarding deposits of cash are discussed in Note 2B.

General Government

As of June 30, 2017, the City's bank balances were not exposed to custodial credit risk due to being entirely covered by depository insurance (a combination of federal depository insurance with the excess covered by the State's Bank Collateral Pool).

Gas System

As of June 30, 2017, the System's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk due to being entirely covered by depository insurance (a combination of federal depository insurance with the excess covered by the State's Bank Collateral Pool).

Water Systems

As of June 30, 2017, the System's bank balances were not exposed to custodial credit risk due to being entirely covered by depository insurance (a combination of federal depository insurance with the excess covered by the State's Bank Collateral Pool).

Electric System

As of June 30, 2017, the System's bank deposits were fully collateralized or insured.

School System

Cash in bank balance represents funds on deposit in one local depository. These funds were entirely insured by FDIC or through the Bank Collateral Pool with the State of Tennessee.

Investment-Fiduciary Fund

The following is the asset allocation as of June 30, 2017.

		City of Lexington			Lexington Electric			
	Market		• • • • • •				Percentage	
		Value	of Total			Value	of Total	
Fixed income	\$	2,824,981	25.47%		\$	2,216,095	26.42%	
Equities		8,268,217	74.53%	_		6,173,217	73.58%	
	\$	11,093,198	100.00%		\$	8,389,312	100.00%	

The following investments represent more than 5% of the fiduciary net position and are not issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government at June 30, 2017.

	City ofLexington	Lexington Electric
John Hancock Total Bond Market	\$ 641,335	\$ 583,967
Fidelity Advisor Total Bond Return	1,390,657	1,010,210
American Funds Washington Mutual	988,385	637,069
Discovery Fund	780,368	486,346
Contra Fund	771,561	471,292
JP Morgan Mid-cap Value	871,424	568,947
T-Rowe Price Equity Income	1,036,918	653,338
American Funds Investment Fund of America	772,906	481,854
American Funds Capital World Growth	784,992	495,647
VS Small-cap	706,873	421,641
Oppenheimer Global	710,572	408,529

	Balance 7/1/16		Additions/ Adjustments		Retirements/ Adjustments		Balance 6/30/17	
Governmental Activities:			-		1	_		
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	2,111,067	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,111,067
Construction in Progress		100,699		63,339		28,301		135,737
Total Capital assets not being depreciated		2,211,766		63,339		28,301		2,246,804
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings		27,510,101		28,301		1,800,714		25,737,688
Equipment		8,191,895		616,604		217,836		8,590,663
Infrastructure		16,206,440		-		-		16,206,440
Improvements		7,712,341		47,623		-		7,759,964
Total Capital assets being depreciated		59,620,777		692,528		2,018,550		58,294,755
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		11,870,725		520,745		843,334		11,548,136
Equipment		6,292,645		387,446		157,943		6,522,148
Infrastructure		11,731,285		43,925		-		11,775,210
Improvements		4,088,562		337,683		-		4,426,245
Total accumulated depreciation	-	33,983,217		1,289,799		157,943		34,271,739
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	-	25,637,560						24,023,016
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	27,849,326					\$	26,269,820
Business-type activies:								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	236,934	\$	246,121	\$	_	\$	483,055
Construction in Progress	Ψ	1,320,441	Ψ	256,712	Ψ	168,006	Ψ	1,409,147
Total Capital assets not being depreciated	Tableson	1,557,375		502,833		168,006		1,892,202
Capital assets being depreciated	Equation 1	1,007,070	-	302,000	Spanossasson	100,000		1,002,202
Buildings		1,812,843		16,085		250,705		1,578,223
Equipment		8,458,642		243,861		177,779		8,524,724
Plant		114,655,296		2,784,790		430,096		117,009,990
Total Capital assets being depreciated		124,926,781		3,044,736	***************************************	858,580		127,112,937
Less accumulated depreciation for:	***************************************	1,0_0,701	-	3,0 1 1,1 00	WARRY COMMERCIAL COMME	000,000		,,
Buildings		1,014,384		31,227		104,918		940,693
Equipment		5,861,363		550,301		211,267		6,200,397
Plant		46,677,547		3,555,404		638,500		49,594,451
Total accumulated depreciation		53,553,294		4,136,932		954,685		56,735,541
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	-	71,373,487		.,,	-			70,377,396
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	72,930,862					\$	72,269,598
225220 typo dournios supriar associo, not		,000,002						,

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Governmental Function	
General and administrative	\$ 148,785
Public safety	255,376
Public works	175,558
Health, recreation and welfare	<u>710,080</u>
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$1,289,799</u>

Governmental Activities

General Obligation Bonds 2010 General Obligation Refunding Bond dated March 1, 2011, through September 1, 2019, bearing		
interest rates of 2% to 3%.	\$	1,230,000
2012 General Obligation School Bonds dated May 1, 2012, due June 1, 2013, through June 1, 2032, bearing interest rates of 1.00 to 3.125%.		5,425,000
2009 Refunding and Improvement Bonds dated April 16, 2009, due October 1, 2009 through April 1, 2034, bearing interest rates of 2.00% to 5.00%,		1,125,000
2004 Qualified Zone Academy Bonds, due November 24, 2005, through November 24, 2020, bearing 0% interest.		302,115
2012 General Obligation Bonds, dated October 18, 2012, due April 1, 2013 through April 1, 2028, interest 1% to 2%.		246,439
Capital Outlay Notes 2005 capital outlay note. Interest 4.05% with final payment due September 1, 2017.		50,000
2012 Energy Efficient School Initiative loan, due in monthly payments of \$2,936 thru 2022, bearing 0% interest.		167,364
		8,545,918
Other Liabilities Compensated absences Unamortized debt premiums Net pension liability Other post employment benefits Landfill closure costs		1,055,631 6,314 2,100,106 374,147 214,854
Total Government Activity	_\$	12,296,970

Business-type Activities

Revenue Bonds 2009 Gas Refunding Bonds, dated April 16, 2009, due October 1, 2009 through April 1, 2034, interest 2.00% to 5.00%	\$ 1,430,000
2011 Gas Refunding Bonds, dated March 1, 2011, through March 1, 2019, interest 2.00% to 3.00%.	655,000
2011 Water Refunding Bonds, dated March 1, 2011, through March 1, 2019, interest 2.00% to 3.00%.	480,000
2009 Water and Sewer Refunding Bonds, dated April 16, 2009, due October 1, 2009 through April 1, 2034, interest 2.00% to 5.00%	5,130,000
2017 Electric Department Refunding Revenue Bonds, due 2018 through 2032, bearing an interest rate of 2.00% to 2.75%.	6,810,000
2011 Electric Plant Revenue Bonds, variable interest of 2.0% to 4.0% due serially through 2037	7,070,000
Notes Payable Local Government Loan Program Bond, Series 2015, variable interest	1,634,146
General Obligation Bonds 2012 General Obligation Bonds - Gas portion, dated October 18, 2012, due April 1, 2013 through April 1, 2028, interest 1% to 2%.	16,895
2012 General Obligation Bonds, dated October 18, 2012, due April 1, 2013 through April 1, 2028, interest 1% to 2%.	3,266,666
Other liabilities Compensated absences Advances from Home Installation Program Net pension liability Other post employment benefits Unamortized debt premiums	1,952,189 489,342 4,782,835 1,532,182 99,656
Total Business-type Activites	\$ 35,348,911

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance 7/1/2016	Issues or Additions			Due within one year	
Governmental Type Activities				Management of the Control of the Con	The second of th	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 9,347,584	\$ -	\$ 1,019,030	\$ 8,328,554	\$ 850,077	
Notes Payable	302,596	-	85,232	217,364	85,232	
Landfill Closure Costs	216,464	-	1,610	214,854	-	
Unamortized debt premiums	6,786	_	472	6,314	472	
Total governmental type activities	9,873,430		1,106,344	8,767,086	935,781	
Businesss Type Activities						
Revenue Bonds	22,730,000	6,810,000	7,965,000	21,575,000	1,485,000	
Notes Payable	1,541,050	186,096	93,000	1,634,146	1,634,146	
General Obligation Bonds	3,530,059	-	246,498	3,283,561	260,452	
Unamortized debt premiums	47,829	56,129	4,302	99,656	4,300	
Total business type activities	27,848,938	7,052,225	8,308,800	26,592,363	3,383,898	
Total government	\$ 37,722,368	\$ 7,052,225	\$ 9,415,144	\$ 35,359,449	\$ 4,319,679	

Water Systems

During the prior year the Water System entered into an agreement to borrow \$2,000,000 in loan funds from the Municipal Bond Fund. They had borrowed \$1,634,146 at June 30, 2017. These funds will be considered general obligation debt.

Electric System

During 2017, the City of Lexington issued \$6,810,000 Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds for the purpose of re-financing the 2007 Electric System Revenue Bonds. The bonds bear interest at 2.00% to 2.75^% and mature serially in varying amounts from \$395,000 in fiscal year 2019 to \$525,000 in fiscal year 2032. The bonds are secured by a pledge of revenues by the System. Expense incurred by the issuance of the bonds are being amortized by equal charges to operations over the life of the bonds.

Other Long-term liabilities

Governmental-type compensated absences have been paid in prior years by the General Fund. Landfill post closure costs have been paid in prior years by the Solid Waste Fund.

Annual Requirements to Retire Debt Outstanding

The annual aggregate maturities for each note payable for the years subsequent to June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Genera	10	Obli	aation	Bonds

	Governmental Activities				Business-typ	Pr	incipal and			
Year Ending June 30,	F	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Interest Total
2018	\$	850,077	\$	223,411	\$	260,452	\$	57,240	\$	1,391,180
2019		870,775		206,012		269,754		54,634		1,401,175
2020		886,473		184,539		279,056		51,667		1,401,735
2021		477,170		169,554		288,358		47,899		982,981
2022		412,340		160,135		297,660		43,719		913,854
2023-2027		2,214,269		632,474		1,655,731		125,204		4,627,678
2028-2032		2,437,450		287,707		232,550		4,651		2,962,358
2033-2036		180,000		12,487		-		-		192,487
Total	\$	8,328,554	\$	1,876,319	\$	3,283,561	\$	385,014	\$	13,873,448
		Notes P	ayable	2		Revenue	e Bona	<u>ls</u>		
	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities						
		Government	al Acti	vities		Business-ty	pe Acti	ivities		
Year Ending	-	Governmenta	al Acti	vities	Management	Business-ty	pe Acti	ivities		
Year Ending June 30,	F	Governmenta Principal	al Acti	vities Interest		Business-typerincipal		Interest		
•	F	on commission of the second state of the second state of the second second second second second second second s	al Acti	esponente proporto conquento de messo esponente de estado estado estado estado estado estado estado estado esta	\$			BOUNDARIOUS THE COURSE HOUSE BANKS OF COURSE BANKS		
June 30,	***************************************	Principal	Water Company	Interest	-	Principal		Interest		
June 30, 2018	***************************************	Principal 85,232	Water Company	Interest	-	Principal 1,485,000		Interest 696,192		
June 30, 2018 2019	***************************************	Principal 85,232 35,232	Water Company	Interest	-	Principal 1,485,000 1,420,000		Interest 696,192 661,750		
June 30, 2018 2019 2020	***************************************	Principal 85,232 35,232 35,232	Water Company	Interest	-	Principal 1,485,000 1,420,000 1,120,000		Interest 696,192 661,750 622,888		
June 30, 2018 2019 2020 2021	***************************************	Principal 85,232 35,232 35,232 35,232	Water Company	Interest	-	Principal 1,485,000 1,420,000 1,120,000 980,000		696,192 661,750 622,888 594,463		
June 30, 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	***************************************	Principal 85,232 35,232 35,232 35,232	Water Company	Interest	-	Principal 1,485,000 1,420,000 1,120,000 980,000 1,015,000		696,192 661,750 622,888 594,463 567,725		

1,013

\$ 21,575,000

\$ 7,244,278

3.H. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

217,364

Operating Transfers

	TRANSFER FROM							_				
	(General		olice Drug	-	School Tax Fund	Lexington Electric	1	Water	Gas		Totals
TRANSFER TO												
General	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 801,280) \$	108,431	\$ 144,128	\$	1,053,839
Post Office Fund		100,000		-		-	-		-	-		100,000
Sinking Fund		45,000		-		-	-		-	-		45,000
Solid Waste Fund		11		-		-	-		-	-		11
Lex-Hend Co Alliance		41,340		-		-	-		-	-		41,340
DARE		-		2,000		-	-		-	-		2,000
School Debt		-				972,487	-		-	-		972,487
General Purpose School	***************************************	736,222				383,000	_		_	_		1,119,222
GRAND TOTALS	\$	922,573	\$	2,000	\$	1,355,487	\$ 801,280	<u> </u>	108,431	\$ 144,128	\$	3,333,899

The transfers from General Fund to other various funds are all for operating expenses. The transfers from the Water, Natural Gas, and Electric Funds to the General Fund are for in-lieu of taxes. Transfers from the Sales Tax Fund to the School Debt Fund are for debt payments and capital outlay expenditures.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

	***************************************	germani productiva de la compansión de la c	 	***************************************		UE TO	0:	 			-	
	G	eneral	Solid Waste		olice Drug		apital ojects	Water Systems	-	Gas		Totals
DUE FROM: General	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,500	\$	-	\$ 67,691	\$	46,830	\$	117,021
Solid Waste		-	-		-	1	100,000	-		788		100,788
Gas		1,961	56,281		=		-	526,687		-		584,929
Water Systems	-	-	 -		-		-	 -		31,026		31,026
	\$	1,961	\$ 56,281	\$	2,500	\$ -	100,000	\$ 594,378	\$	78,644	\$	833,764

Transactions arising from Water, Sewer, and Garbage Fund billing of utility services are recorded in these accounts between the Gas, Water System, and Solid Waste Funds. The amounts due to the General Fund from the Water and Gas Funds are for expenses paid by the General Fund and not yet reimbursed by the other funds.

3.I. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The State of Tennessee pays health insurance premiums for retired teachers on-behalf of the Lexington City School System. These payments are made by the state to the Local Government Group Insurance Plan and the Medicare Supplement Plan. Both of these plans are administered by the State of Tennessee and reported in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Payments by the state to the Local Government Group Insurance Plan and the Medicare Supplement Plan for the year ended June 30, 2017 were \$26,604 and \$14,525, respectively. The System has recognized these on-behalf payments as revenues and expenditures in the General Purpose School Fund.

NOTE 4. OTHER NOTES

4.A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS

Pension Plan Obligations:

Certain employees of the City, except school employees, are members of the City's contributory, defined benefit pension plan, a single-employer plan. School department information is included in another note. The plan was established by City ordinance and may be amended by such.

Plan Description

The City of Lexington pension committee administers the Retirement Plan for Employees of The City of Lexington (Plan) – a single employer defined benefit pension plan that provides pensions for employees.

Participant Data

Inactive Plan Participants as of January 1, 2016:
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receive

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	6
Terminated employees entitled to deferred benefits	25
Disabled employees entitled to deferred benefits	_0
Total	31

Active Plan Participants as of January 1, 2016:

Vested	65
Partially-vested	30
Non-vested	6
Total	101

Summary of Plan Provisions

Effective Date: May 1, 1973

Fiscal Year Beginning: 01/01/16

<u>Eligibility Requirements:</u> Minimum age of 20 and 12 minimum months of service. Entry date is the first day of the month coinciding with or next following the date the requirements are met.

Normal Retirement Date: First day of the month coinciding with or next following attainment of age 60 and 10 years of service.

Normal Retirement Benefit Formula:

Effective July 1, 2000 monthly annuity is equal to the sum of (1) and (2) below:

- (1) 2.25% of the member's Average Monthly Earnings multiplied by years of Credited Service up to a maximum of 30 years.
- (2) 1.85% of member's Average Monthly Earnings multiplied by years of Credit Service in excess of 30 years.

For contributing members as of April 1, 1986, minimum monthly annuity is equal to 3.33% of member's Average Monthly Earnings multiplied by years of credited service subject to a maximum of 15 years. Members of the prior plan will receive a benefit no less than 40% of the average monthly earnings during the period of 5 consecutive years in which his earnings were highest or 40% of his salary at age 64, whichever is greater.

<u>Average Monthly Earnings:</u> The greater of (i) average of monthly compensation for the 5 consecutive years of highest compensation and (ii) monthly compensation during the year immediately preceding the participant's 60th birthday.

<u>Credited Service:</u> Number of years and completed months of active participation in this plan and the prior plan.

Normal Form of Benefits: Single: Single Life Annuity with 120 months certain.

Married: Equivalent 50% Joint and Survivor Annuity

<u>Maximum Annual Benefit:</u> \$ 210,000 as adjusted per IRC Sec. 415 for retirement age other than social security retirement age and annuity form.

<u>Employee Contributions:</u> Monthly contributions equal to 6% of member's monthly earnings.

Credited Interest: 5% per annum compounded annually.

<u>Early Retirement Benefit:</u> Minimum Age: 50; Minimum Service: 10 years; Benefit Amount: based on service and earnings at termination, reduced actuarially.

<u>Late Retirement Benefit:</u> Normal retirement benefit increased 8% per annum for each year that retirement is deferred.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefit: Member contributions credited with interest to the date of death.

<u>Disability Benefit:</u> Normal retirement benefit at date of disability reduced by the ratio of years of service at disability to years of service projected to normal retirement date. The benefit will commence the first day of the sixth month following determination of disability under the Social Security Act.

<u>Vested Termination Benefit:</u> A member who terminates employment with less than 5 years of credited service may elect to receive, at any time prior to retirement, either: i) a return of member contributions with interest to the date of payment, or ii) income payments at retirement provided by his own contributions with interest. A member who terminates employment with 5 or more years of service will be entitled to a percentage of the benefit earned based on years of credited service and average monthly earnings at separation from service. The percentage is determined as follows:

Years of Credited Service	<u>Percentage</u>
Less than 5	0%
5	25%
6	40%
7	55%
8	70%
9	85%
10 or more	100%

Contribution Required

Actuarially determined contributions to the Plan are determined each year as part of the actuarial valuation process. These contributions are determined according to the following funding policy.

Actuarial Cost Method: Individual Entry Age Normal, Level of Percentage of Pay

Asset Valuation Method: Market Value of Assets adjusted to phase in asset gains and losses after January 1, 2002 over a 5-year period at a rate of 20% per year. Valuation assets are further limited to a 20% corridor around market value.

Amortization Method: The amortization method shall be the Plan's Normal Cost plus a 30-year amortization of the Unfunded Liability as of January 1, 2015. The amortization period for future experience gains and losses shall be 10 years from the date of the actuarial valuation.

Investments

Investment information has been provided by John Hancock.

<u>Investment Policy:</u> As of the release of this report, we have not received the target investment allocations. The target allocations can be obtained from your investment advisor.

<u>Rate of Return:</u> For the year ended June 30, 2015, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was -0.01%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability of \$2,644,486 was measured as of June 30, 2016.

Actuarial Assumptions (for calculation of the Net Pension Liability)

Post-Retirement

Mortality - 2014 Combined Static Mortality Table

Investment Return – 7.25% per annum

Pre-Retirement

Mortality - 2014 Combined Static Mortality Table

Investment Return – 7.25% per annum

Salary Projection – 4.00% per annum. The assumption selected is consistent with the plan sponsor's current compensation practice. This reflects consideration of the following factors:

- Available compensation data, including:
 - Plan sponsor's current compensation practice and any anticipated changes

Retirement Age – age 62 or current age if later

Expense Loading - none

Pre-Retirement Decrement Rates

Morta	ality	Withd	rawal	Disab	oility
Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
0.028%	0.014%	9.000%	9.000%	0.060%	0.060%
0.039%	0.020%	7.500%	7.500%	0.060%	0.060%
0.067%	0.035%	6.000%	6.000%	0.089%	0.089%
0.086%	0.046%	4.500%	4.500%	0.183%	0.183%
0.105%	0.070%	3.000%	3.000%	0.306%	0.306%
0.137%	0.105%	1.500%	1.500%	0.492%	0.492%
0.219%	0.219%	0.000%	0.000%	0.804%	0.804%
0.463%	0.448%	0.000%	0.000%	1.202%	1.202%
	Male 0.028% 0.039% 0.067% 0.086% 0.105% 0.137% 0.219%	0.028% 0.014% 0.039% 0.020% 0.067% 0.035% 0.086% 0.046% 0.105% 0.070% 0.137% 0.105% 0.219% 0.219%	Male Female Male 0.028% 0.014% 9.000% 0.039% 0.020% 7.500% 0.067% 0.035% 6.000% 0.086% 0.046% 4.500% 0.105% 0.070% 3.000% 0.137% 0.105% 1.500% 0.219% 0.219% 0.000%	Male Female Male Female 0.028% 0.014% 9.000% 9.000% 0.039% 0.020% 7.500% 7.500% 0.067% 0.035% 6.000% 6.000% 0.086% 0.046% 4.500% 4.500% 0.105% 0.070% 3.000% 3.000% 0.137% 0.105% 1.500% 1.500% 0.219% 0.219% 0.000% 0.000%	Male Female Male Female Male 0.028% 0.014% 9.000% 9.000% 0.060% 0.039% 0.020% 7.500% 7.500% 0.060% 0.067% 0.035% 6.000% 6.000% 0.089% 0.086% 0.046% 4.500% 4.500% 0.183% 0.105% 0.070% 3.000% 3.000% 0.306% 0.137% 0.105% 1.500% 1.500% 0.492% 0.219% 0.219% 0.000% 0.000% 0.804%

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Pension Plan Investments

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rated of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Change of Assumptions

Effective June 30, 2015, the investment return is 7.25% per annum and the post-retirement mortality is the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System mortality table. Prior to June 30, 2015, the investment return was 7.5% and the pre and post-retirement mortality table were the 2014 IRS Combined Static mortality table.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.5%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.5%) that the current rate:

				Current		
	19	6 Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	19	% Increase
		6.25%		7.25%		8.25%
Plan's net pension liability	\$	3,760,437	\$	2,644,486	\$	1,666,529

Change in City's Net Pension Liability

Changes in the City's net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total	Net Pension			
	Pension	Fiduciary Net	Liability		
	Liability (a)	Position (b)	(a) - (b)		
Balances at 6/30/15	\$ 12,692,913	\$ 10,185,527	\$ 2,507,386		
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	434,972	-	434,972		
Interest	971,567	-	971,567		
Differences between expected and actual experience	(98,825)	-	(98,825)		
Changes of assumptions	(503,521)	-	(503,521)		
Contributions - employer	-	501,481	(501,481)		
Contributions - employee	-	252,445	(252,445)		
Net investment income	-	(555)	555		
Benefit payments	(353,715)	(353,715)	-		
Administrative expense	-	(86,278)	86,278		
Net changes	450,478	313,378	137,100		
Balances at 6/30/16	\$ 13,143,391	\$ 10,498,905	\$ 2,644,486		
		40			

Pension Expense (Income) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$538,731. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows Resources	 rred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 177,432	\$ 85,648
Changes of assumptions	-	436,385
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	940,076	275,099
Contributions subsequent to the measurement		
date of June 30, 2016	 380,779	-
Total	\$ 1,498,287	\$ 797,132

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2017	73,833
2018	73,833
2019	211,385
2020	104,965
2021	(50,240)
Thereafter	(93,401)

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2017, the City reported \$ 0 payable for outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan.

Defined Contribution Plan

The City began offering a 403(b) defined contribution plan to their eligible employees hired after April 1, 2012. The City of Lexington Retirement Asset Accumulation Plan became effective on April 1, 2012 and is administered by the City of Lexington. Employees are required to make a mandatory contribution of 6% of their annual compensation and the City matches their contribution with an equal amount. The employer's contributions are not vested until after five annual periods in the plan. The employer has the right to amend the Plan at any time. In no event, however, will any amendment authorize or permit any part of the Plan assets to be used for purposes other than the exclusive benefit of Participants or their beneficiaries. The City's current year contributions to the plan were as follows:

General Government	\$50,747
Water System	\$12,201
Gas System	\$10,078
School System	\$39,788

Electric System

General information: The Board of the Lexington Electric System accounts for the activity of the Retirement Income Plan for Employees of Lexington Electric System. The Plan is a single employer public employee retirement System administered by USI Consulting Group, Inc. No employees enter the plan after April 1, 2012.

Benefits provided: The Plan provides normal retirement benefits at age 60.

Normal form of retirement income: The normal form of retirement income for a single member is a Single Life Annuity with 120 months certain. The normal form of benefit for a married member is an equivalent 50% Joint and Survivor Annuity.

Normal retirement benefit: Effective March 1, 2000, the monthly annuity is equal to the sum of 2.25% of the members Average Monthly Earnings multiplied by years of Credited Service for the member's first 30 years of Credited Service and 1.85% of the member's Average Monthly Earnings, multiplied by years of Credited Service in excess of 30 years. For contributing members as of April 1, 1986, minimum monthly annuity will equal to 3.33% of member's Average Monthly Earnings multiplied by years of Credited Service subject to a maximum of 15 years. A member of the plan will receive a benefit of no less than 40% of the average of monthly earnings during the period of 5 consecutive years in which his earnings were highest or 40% of his salary at age 64, whichever is greater. Average Monthly Earnings means the greater of (1) the average of monthly compensation for the 5 consecutive years of highest compensation, and (2) monthly compensation during the year immediately preceding the participant's 60th birthday. Maximum annual compensation is \$215,000 as adjusted per IRC Sec. 415 for retirement age other than social security retirement age and annuity form.

Early retirement: Once a member has attained age 50 and completed 10 years of service he/she may take an early retirement benefit based on service and earnings at termination, reduced actuarially.

Late retirement: If a member works past normal retirement age his/her normal retirement benefit will be increased eight percent per annum for each year that retirement is deferred.

Death benefit: If a participant dies prior to retirement he/she will receive his/her member contributions credited with interest to the date of death plus the actuarially equivalent value of the member's accrued benefit, if greater that the member contributions with interest.

Benefits upon disability: A disabled participant will receive a normal retirement benefit calculated at the date of disability reduced by the ratio of years of service at disability to years of service projected to normal retirement date. The benefit will commence the first day of the sixth month following determination of disability under the Social Security Act.

Vested termination benefit: A member who terminates employment with less than five years of credited service may elect to receive, at any time prior to retirement, either a return of member contributions with interest to the date of payment or income payments at retirement provided by his/her own contribution with interest. A member who terminates employment with five or more years or credited service will be entitled to a percentage of the benefit earned based on years of credited service and average monthly earnings at separation from service.

The percentage is determined using the following table:

Years of	
Credited Service	_Percentage
less than 5	0%
5	25%
6	40%
7	55%
8	70%
9	85%
10 or more	100%

Contributions: Lexington Electric System is required to contribute the amounts necessary to fund the Plan, as determined by the actuary. Employees are required to contribute 6% of their monthly earnings.

At June 30, 2016, the following employees were covered by the Plan:

Active employees:	
Fully or partially vested	37
Non-vested	0
Terminated employees entitled to deferred benefits	4
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	8
	49

Funded status and funding progress: As of June 30, 2016 the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$10,857,880 and the net pension liability was \$3,385,411. The total covered payroll was \$2,378,246 and the ratio of net pension liability to covered payroll was 150.76%.

Net pension liability: The components of the net pension liability of the Retirement Income Plan for the Employees of Lexington Electric System at June 30, 2017 and 2016 are detailed in the following tables. The first table is required to be disclosed due to the inclusion of the fiduciary fund statement's in the System's financial statements. The Total Pension Liability was rolled forward to June 30, 2017 in order to be in compliance with GASB Statement No. 67. The second table shows the net pension liability as of June 30, 2016, which is what is reported in the proprietary financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68.

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total	Plan	Net Pension	
	Pension	Pension Fiduciary Net		
	Liability (a)	Position (b)	(a) - (b)	
Balances at 6/30/16	\$ 10,857,880	\$ 7,272,468	\$ 3,585,412	
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	230,698	-	230,698	
Interest	781,193	-	781,193	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(335,078)	-	(335,078)	
Change of assumptions	-	-	-	
Contributions - employer	-	305,704	(305,704)	
Contributions - employee	-	133,538	(133,538)	
Net investment income	-	1,037,995	(1,037,995)	
Benefit payments	(356,983)	(356,983)	-	
Administrative expense	-	(3,410)	3,410	
Net changes	319,830	1,116,844	(797,014)	
Balances at 6/30/17	\$ 11,177,710	\$ 8,389,312	\$ 2,788,398	

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total	Plan	Net Pension	
	Pension	Fiduciary Net	Liability	
	Liability (a)	Position (b)	(a) - (b)	
Balances at 6/30/15	\$ 10,989,860	\$ 7,603,921	\$ 3,385,939	
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	212,645	-	212,645	
Interest	771,286	-	771,286	
Differences between expected and actual experience	32,345	-	32,345	
Change of assumptions	-	-	-	
Contributions - employer	-	663,487	(663,487)	
Contributions - employee	-	137,893	(137,893)	
Net investment income	-	15,848	(15,848)	
Benefit payments	(1,148,256)	(1,148,256)	-	
Administrative expense	-	(425)	425_	
Net changes	(131,980)	(331,453)	199,473	
Balances at 6/30/16	\$ 10,857,880	\$ 7,272,468	\$ 3,585,412	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.25%) that the current rate:

				2017		
				Current		
	1% D	ecrease	Dis	scount Rate	19	% Increase
	6	.25%		7.25%		8.25%
Total pension liability	\$ 12	,780,804	\$	11,177,710	\$	9,824,856
Plan fiduciary net position	8	,389,312		8,389,312		8,389,312
Net pension liability	\$ 4	,391,492	\$	2,788,398	\$	1,435,544
				2016		
Total pension liability	\$ 12	2,537,478	\$	10,989,860	\$	9,440,707
Plan fiduciary net position	7	,272,469		7,272,469		7,272,468
Net pension liability	\$ 5	,265,009	\$	3,717,391	\$	2,168,239

Net Pension Liability

The System's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2016 valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age accrued liability, level percentage of pay

Amortization Method Level dollar amortization, closed

Remaining Amortization period 28 years as of 7/1/16

Asset valuation method Market value of plan assets adjusted to phase

in gains and losses over a five-year period at

a rate of 20% per year

Salary increases 4.00% per annum 7.25% per annum Retirement age assumption 100% at age 60

Mortality table:

Pre-retirement mortality 2014 Small Plan Combined Static Mortality

Post-retirement mortality TCRS Mortality Table
Disability mortality TCRS Mortality Table

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2016 and 2015 valuations were based on the results of actuarial experience studies for the periods July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016 and July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015 respectively.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employees do not contribute to the plan and that contributions from the employer will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension Expense (Income) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the measurement periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the System recognized pension expense of \$505,293 and \$333,670. At June 30, 2016 and 2015, the System reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	 red Inflows esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 622,710	\$ -
Change of assumptions	115,797	-
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	408,395	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement		
date of June 30, 2016	305,704	-
Total	\$ 1,452,606	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 707,028	\$
Change of assumptions	137,604	-
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	-	55,397
Contributions subsequent to the measurement		
date of June 30, 2015	 663,487	 -
Total	\$ 1,508,119	\$ 55,397

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2017	\$ 197,745
2018	197,745
2019	323,702
2020	243,085
2021	138,470
Thereafter	46,157

Electric System

The System began offering a 403(b) defined contribution plan to their eligible employees hired after April 1, 2012. The System matches their employee's contributions, which can be up to 6% of the employee's annual compensation. The employer's contributions are not vested until after five annual periods in the plan. If an employee leaves the System before the five year vesting period, the amount of unvested contributions reduce the System's cash outlay in the following period. The System's current year contributions to the plan were \$42,991. The Retirement Committee of the Lexington Electric System serves as administrator. John Hancock, in conjunction with Edward Jones, serves as the investment firm of the plan.

School Department

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Teachers with membership in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) before July 1, 2014 of Lexington City Schools are provided with pensions through the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan, a cost sharing multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The Teacher Legacy Pension Plan closed now to new membership on June 30, 2014, but will continue providing benefits to existing members and retirees. Beginning July 1, 2014, the Teacher Retirement Plan became effective for teachers employed by Local Education Agencies (LEAs) after June 30, 2014. The Teacher Retirement Plan is a separate cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plan. The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for

the proper operation and administration of all employer pension plans in the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publically available financial report that can be obtained at www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs.

1. Teacher Legacy Pension Plan

Benefits provided. Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. Members of the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation and the member's years of service credit. A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 55 and vested. Members are vested with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for nonservice related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2nd of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent. and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Under the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan, benefit terms and conditions, including COLAs, can be adjusted on a prospective basis. Moreover, there are defined cost controls and unfunded liability controls that provide for the adjustment of benefit terms and conditions on an automatic basis.

Contributions. Contributions for teachers are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Teachers contribute 5 percent of salary. The Local Education Agencies (LEAs) make employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. By law, employer contributions for the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept the state shared taxes of the sponsoring governmental entity of the LEA if the required employer contributions are not remitted. Employer contributions by Lexington City Schools for the year ended June 30, 2017 to the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan were \$317,564 which is 9.04 percent of covered payroll. The employer rate, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension asset. At June 30, 2017, the Lexington City Schools reported a liability of \$653,043 for its proportionate share of net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. Lexington City School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on Lexington City School's employer contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all LEAs. At the measurement date of June 30, 2016 Lexington City Schools' proportion was 0.102809 percent. The proportion measured as of June 30, 2014 was 0.102809 percent.

Pension expense. For the year ended June 30, 2017, Lexington City Schools recognized a pension expense of \$77,407.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. For the year ended June 30, 2017, Lexington City Schools reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	27,482	\$	790,619
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		729,131		-
Changes in proportion of Net Pension Liability (Asset)		21,673		17,329
LEA's contribution subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2016	Belonders	337,488	W	n/a
Total	\$	1,115,774	\$	807,948

Lexington City Schools employer contribution of \$337,488, reported as pension related deferred outflows or resources, subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as an increase in net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:

2018	\$ (121,749)
2019	(121,749)
2020	228,015
2021	34,783
2022	(48,961)
Thereafter	_

In the table above, positive amounts will increase pension expense, while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	Graded salary ranges from 8.97 to 3.71 percent based on age, including inflation, averaging 4.25 percent
Investment rate of return	7.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses, Including inflation

Cost-of Living Adjustment 2.5 percent

Mortality rates are customized based on the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study and included some adjustment for expected future improvement in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study by considering the following three techniques: (1) the 25-year historical return of the TCRS at June 30, 2012. (2) the historical market returns of asset classes from 1926 to 2012 using the TCRS investment policy asset allocation, and (3) capital market projections that were utilized as a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. Four sources of capital market projections were blended and utilized in the third technique. The blended capital market projection established the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding inflation of 3 percent. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term Expected	Target
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return	Allocation
U.S. Equity	6.46%	33%
Developed marked international equity	6.26%	17%
Emerging marked international equity	6.40%	5%
Private equity and strategic lending	4.61%	8%
U.S. fixed income	0.98%	29%
Real estate	4.73%	7%
Short-term securities	0.00%	1%
		100%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.5 percent based on a blending of the three factors described above.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from the all LEAs will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statue. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents Lexington City Schools' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated

using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what Lexington City Schools' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percent-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease 6.50%		Discount Rate 7.50%		1% Increase 8.50%	
Lexington City Schools' proportionate share of the net						
pension liability (asset)	\$	3,585,971	\$	653,043	\$	(1,776,462)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TCRS financial report.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2017, Lexington City Schools reported a payable of \$-0- for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required at the year ended June 30, 2017.

2. Teacher Retirement Plan

Benefits provided. Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. Members of the Teacher Retirement Plan are eligible to retire at age 65 with 5 years of service credit or pursuant to the rule 90 in which the member's age and service credit total 90. Members are entitled to receive unreduced service retirement benefits, which are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation and the member's years of service credit. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2nd of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Under the Teacher Retirement Plan, benefit terms and conditions, including COLA, can be adjusted on a prospective basis. Moreover, there are defined cost controls and unfunded liability controls that provide for the adjustment of benefit terms and conditions on an automatic basis.

Contributions. Contributions for teachers are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Teachers contribute 5 percent of salary. The Local Education Agencies (LEAs) make employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. Per the statutory provisions governing the TCRS, the employer contribution rate cannot be less than 4 percent, except for in years when the maximum funded level, approved by the TCRS Board of Trustees, is reached. By law, employer contributions for the Teacher Retirement Plan are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept the state shared taxes of the sponsoring governmental entity of the LEA if the required employer contributions are not remitted. Employer

contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017 to the Teacher Retirement Plan were \$24,507, which is 5 percent of covered payroll. The employer rate, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension liabilities. At June 30, 2017, Lexington City Schools reported an asset of \$7,388 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial value as of that date. Lexington City Schools' proportion of the net pension asset was based on Lexington City Schools' share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating LEAs. At the measurement date of June 30, 2016 Lexington City Schools' proportion was 0.070969 percent. The proportion measured at June 30, 2015 was 0.100925 percent.

Pension expense. For the year ended June 30, 2017, Lexington City Schools recognized a pension expense of \$6,255.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. For the year ended June 30, 2017, Lexington City Schools reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	716	\$	852
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,210		-
Changes in proportion of Net Pension Liability (Asset)		840		-
Lexington City Schools' contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2014		24,507	(not appl	icable)
Total	\$	27,273	\$	852

Lexington City Schools; employer contributions of \$24,507 reported as pension related deferred outflows of resources, subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2017, Lexington City Schools reported a payable of \$-0- for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required at the year ended June 30, 2017.

4.B. POST EMPLOYEMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN

Plan Description – The City sponsors a single-employer post-retirement benefit plan. The plan provides medical and death benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Since the benefits are the ongoing medical and life benefits of the System, it is administered through the same oversight unit, which is the Board of Aldermen, as the rest of the operations of the City.

Funding Policy – The City intends to continue its policy of funding OPEB liabilities on a pay-go basis and to not pre-fund any unfunded annual required contributions as determined under GASB 45.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation – The City's annual other post-retirement benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the System's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the System's net OPEB obligation.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Components of Net OPEB Obligation	City	Water	Gas	Total
Annual required contribution	\$ 164,427	\$ 39,067	\$ 38,697	\$ 242,191
Interest on Net OPEB obligation	8,409	2,501	2,630	13,540
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(8,926)	(2,655)	(2,792)	(14,373)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	163,910	38,913	38,535	241,358
Contributions and subsidy		-	<u> </u>	
Increase in net obligation	163,910	38,913	38,535	241,358
Net OPEB obligation (BOY)	210,237	62,529	65,757	338,523
Net OPEB (asset) obligation (EOY)	\$ 374,147	\$ 101,442	\$ 104,292	\$ 579,881

The System's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the 2017 are as follows:

	Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost		OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation	
City	6/30/2017	\$	163,910	0.00%	\$	374,147
Water	6/30/2017		38,913	0		101,442
Gas	6/30/2017		38,535	0		104,292

Funded Status and Funding Progress – As of July 1, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$312,143 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0 resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAT) of \$312,143. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2,063,523 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 15.1%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – An Actuarial Cost Method develops an orderly allocation of the actuarial present value of benefit payments over the working lifetime of the participants in the plan. The actuarial present value of benefits allocated to a particular fiscal year is called the Normal Cost. The actuarial present value of benefits allocated to all periods prior to a valuation date is called the Actuarial Accrued Liability. The Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability is amortized over future years in accordance with the employer's established accounting policy.

In the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. Under this method, the Actuarial Present Value of Benefits of each individual included in the Actuarial Valuation is allocated on a level basis over future earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan assets at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9.0% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5% after ten years. The actuarial value of assets was determined using a standard balanced portfolio expectation for retirement plan asset returns. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2016 was 29 years. A rate of 2.5% is used as Annual Payroll Increase.

The amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability may be determined in level dollar amounts or as a level percentage of projected payroll of active plan members. The total unfunded actuarial accrued liability may be amortized as one amount, or components of the total may be separately amortized. The equivalent single amortization period for all components combined may not exceed the maximum acceptable period of 30 years.

ELECTRIC SYSTEM

Plan Description – Lexington Electric System sponsors a single-employer post-retirement benefit plan. The plan provides medical and death benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Since the benefits are the ongoing medical and life benefits of the System, it is administered through the same oversight unit, which is the Board of Aldermen, the directors of the System, as the rest of the operations of the System.

Funding Policy – The System intends to continue its policy of funding OPEB liabilities on a pay-go basis and to not pre-fund any unfunded annual required contributions as determined under GASB 45.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation – The System's annual other post-retirement benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the System's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the System's net OPEB obligation.

Components of Net OPEB Obligation

Annual required contribution	\$ 343,978
Interest on Net OPEB obligation	45,352
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(60,514)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	328,816
Contributions and subsidy	(136,163)
Increase in net obligation	 192,653
Net OPEB obligation (BOY)	 1,133,795
Net OPEB (asset) obligation (EOY)	\$ 1,326,448

The System's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the 2017 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Annual			OPEB Cost	Net OPEB					
Ended	Ended OPEB Cost		Contributed	Obligation					
6/30/2017	\$	328,816	41.40%	\$	1,326,448				

Funded Status and Funding Progress – As of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$3,079,828 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0 resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAT) of \$3,079,828. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2,645,385 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 116.4%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and includes the type of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing the benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan assets at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.0% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5% after ten years. The actuarial value of assets was determined using a standard balanced portfolio expectation for retirement plan asset returns. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2014 was 25 years.

4.C. RISK MANAGEMENT

Beginning April 2015, medical insurance for employees is provided by self-funding claims as they arise. Under this arrangement, the System provides coverage for the deductible up to a maximum of \$5,000 per year for each employee's medical claims. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported under the self-insurance plan when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the claims liability for all employees are as follows:

Balance at		ı	ncurred		Claims	Balance at					
7/1/2016			Claims	Pa	ayments	6/30/2017					
\$	40.737	\$	205.005	\$	216.329	\$	29.413				

4.D. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in the Tennessee Municipal League Risk Management Pool, a public entity risk pool, for errors and omissions, automobile liability and physical damage, workers' compensation, and employees' liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the three past fiscal years. The Tennessee Municipal League Risk Management Pool has been self-sustaining through member premiums. Members consist of local jurisdiction municipalities and utility districts in the state. Members are responsible for a prorata portion of claims which exceed the Pool's reserves. No additional assessments have ever been made by the Pool to its members as a result of losses experienced.

School System

The System participates in the Tennessee Boards Risk Management Trust (TSB-RMT), which is a public entity risk pool established by the Tennessee Boards Association, an association of member school districts. The System pays an annual premium to the TSB-RMT for its general liability, property, casualty and worker's compensation insurance coverage. The creation of the TSB-RMT provides for it to be self-sustaining through member premiums. The TSB-RMT reinsures through commercial insurance companies for claims exceeding \$100,000 for each insured event. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the three past fiscal years.

Electric System

The System is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2017 the System purchased commercial insurance for all of the above risks. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there has been no significant reduction in the amount of coverage provided.

4.E. LANDFILL POSTCLOSURE COSTS

In prior years the City has jointly operated a landfill with Henderson County. This landfill is now closed. State and federal laws and regulations required the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stopped accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The City will report a portion of postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each fiscal year. The City has recognized postclosure costs of \$214,854 as a long-term liability in the statement of net position. These amounts are based on what it would currently cost to perform all postclosure care. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation or deflation, technology, or applicable laws or regulations.

4.F. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits brought against it. The City cannot predict the outcome of these cases and it is possible losses could be incurred. The amount of such possible losses cannot be determined.

Electric System

The electric system has a power contract with the Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) whereby the electric system purchases all its electric power from TVA and is subject to certain restrictions as provided for in the power contract. Such restrictions include, but are not limited to, prohibitions against furnishings, advancing, lending, pledging or otherwise diverting system funds, revenues or property to other operations of the county and the purchase or payment of, or providing security for indebtedness on other obligations applicable to such other operations.

4.G. IMPACT OF RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. The scope of this Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB that is provided to the employees of state and local government employers. This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed. The City has requested an actuary to value their OPEB for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, which is when this Statement would be effective for them.

4.H. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Lexington Gas System

As of June 30, 2017, the System had incurred \$317,247 for the new operations facility. Of that amount, \$151,695 was design and project management costs attributed to the engineers, \$640 was attributed to site stabilization and environmental fees, \$25,870 was for relocating utilities, and the remaining \$139,042 was for progress payments to the general contractor. This project was commenced in March 2017 with an initial contract sum of \$3,012,811 and has a final completion date of December 2017. When completed, the building will house the warehouse/maintenance aspects of both Gas and Water Systems.

The System has a bypass project with estimated costs of \$134,903. As of June 30, 2017, there is approximately \$86,146 remaining to complete this project. The System has \$535 that is to be reimbursed by the Department of Transportation to help with these remaining costs.

Lexington Water System

The System has several construction projects in process at June 30, 2017. Commitments for these projects are described below.

The System has a waste water pumping station project with estimated costs of \$450,000. As of June 30, 2017, there is approximately \$440,711 remaining to complete this project. This project is expected to be bid August 2017. When completed, the lift station will complete a four year extensive overhaul of the waste water system's main trunk line lift stations.

The utility relocation projects involving the Bypass Highway are all on hold by the Tennessee Department of Transportation (TDOT). The Sewer bypass project has estimated costs of \$157,205 with an estimated \$136,450 remaining to complete this project. The System has \$39,338 that is to be reimbursed by TDOT to help with these remaining costs. The water bypass project has estimated costs of \$165,550 with an estimated \$108,577 remaining to complete this project. The System has \$40,468 that is to be reimbursed by TDOT to help with these remaining costs.

City of Lexington

The General Fund has an upcoming sidewalk/multimodal project with costs of \$664,775. The City has been approved for a \$631,536 grant to help fund this project. As of June 30, 2017, the City had recognized \$53,701 in construction in process on this project.

The City has also received a grant in the amount of \$897,750 for Phase II of the sidewalk/multimodal project which has a projected cost of \$945,000. The City had not recognized any costs associated with this project as of June 30, 2017

4.I. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

A prior period adjustment of was made to record the OPEB obligation related to the posts employment healthcare plan at June 30, 2016 as follows: Government-wide Governmental Activities - \$210,237; Water Systems - \$62,529; and Gas System \$65,757.

4.J. EXTRAORDINARY ITEM - Electric Department

On March 30, 2010, the Board of Directors agreed to give the now former Assistant General Manager, Jimmy Stanfill, a severance amount of \$40,000 and an early retirement incentive program in exchange for him giving up employment after 37 years. The incentive program included health insurance costs as well as other retirement benefits for a period of time. USI Consulting estimated that it would take approximately \$375,000 to fund the early incentive program promised to Mr. Stanfill. The retirement plan had no preparations made for early payouts, and since that is exactly what the Board approved for Mr. Stanfill, there was discussion on how to proceed. Mr. Stanfill's lawsuit came to a close in fiscal year 2016 with a four year payment plan in the amount of \$287,674 to be paid to Mr. Stanfill.

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS JUNE 30, 2017

Post-Employment Schedule of Funding Progress

	Actuarial	Actuarial	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Value of	Accrued	AL	Funded	Covered	Percenage of
Valuation	Assets	Liability (AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Date	(a)	(b) `	`(b-a) [′]	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
7/1/2016	\$ -	\$ 312,143	\$ 312.143	0.00%	\$ 2.063.523	15.1%

The above schedule is designed to show the extent to which a pension plan has been successful over time in setting aside assets sufficient to cover its actuarial accrued liability.

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - LEXINGTON ELECTRIC SYSTEM JUNE 30, 2017

Post-Employment Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actu Valu Ass (a	e of ets	Actuarial Accrued bility (AAL) (b)	ι	Jnfunded AL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funde Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percenage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)	
7/1/2008	\$	- /	\$ 3,355,294	\$	3,355,294	0.00	0%	\$ 2,192,591	153.0%
7/1/2011		-	2,942,183		2,942,183	0.00	0%	2,298,159	128.0%
7/1/2014		-	3,079,828		3,079,828	0.00)%	2,645,385	116.4%

The above schedule is designed to show the extent to which a pension plan has been successful over time in setting aside assets sufficient to cover its actuarial accrued liability.

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS JUNE 30, 2017

	City 2014		City 2015		City 2016	LES 2014	LES 2015		LES 2016
Total pension liability Service Cost Interest Changes in benefit terms	\$ 406,855 793,037	\$	423,129 872,786	\$	434,972 971,567	\$ 207,035 700,229	\$ 215,136 706,762	\$	212,645 771,286
Differences between actual and expected experience Change of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(196,839)		237,578		(98,825) (503,521) (353,715)	(1,402,188)	819,077 159,411 (233,539)		32,345 - (1,148,256)
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 1,003,053 10,263,610 11,266,663		1,426,250 11,266,663 12,692,913	-	450,478 12,692,913 13,143,391	\$ (494,924) 9,817,757 9,322,833	\$ 1,666,847 9,322,833 10,989,680		(131,980) 10,989,680 10,857,700
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Net change in plan fidiciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 509,921 268,022 1,272,111 (196,839) (1,250) 1,851,965 7,506,819 9,358,784	\$	510,282 263,830 193,153 (107,243) (33,279) 826,743 9,358,784 10,185,527	-	501,481 252,445 (555) (353,715) (86,278) 313,378 0,185,527 0,498,905	\$ 663,487 148,508 1,088,227 (1,402,188) (505) 497,529 6,402,609 6,900,138	\$ 663,487 138,780 135,350 (233,539) (295) 703,783 6,900,138 7,603,921	\$	663,487 137,893 15,848 (1,148,256) (425) (331,453) 7,603,921 7,272,468
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 1,907,879	_\$_	2,507,386	_\$_	2,644,486	\$ 2,422,695	\$ 3,385,759	_\$_	3,585,232
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	83.07%		80.25%		79.88%	74.01%	69.19%		66.98%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,075,748	\$	4,251,846	\$	3,942,250	\$ 2,412,526	\$ 2,341,064	\$	2,378,246
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	46.81%		58.97%		67.08%	100.42%	144.63%		150.76%

This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SCHEDULES OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2017

	City 2014		City 2015		City 2016		LES 2014		LES 2015		LES 2016
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 428,197	\$	486,860	\$	401,377	\$	625,883	\$	366,403	\$	305,704
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 509,921	\$	510,282		501,481		663,487	\$	663,487	\$	663,487 (357,783)
		_		_		_		_			
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,075,748	\$	4,251,846	\$	3,942,250	\$:	2,412,526	\$	2,341,064	\$2	2,341,064
Contributions as a percentage to covered payroll	12.51%		12.00%		12.72%		27.50%		28.34%		27.90%

This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN INVESTMENT RETURNS FISCAL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30,

	City	City	City	LES	LES	LES
	2014	2015	2016	2014	2015	2016
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	16.32%	2.02%	-0.01%	17.24%	1.91%	0.23%

This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2017

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: January 1. Since the plan year is equal to a calendar year, contributions are determined on a calendar year basis. The amount displayed represents the contribution for the plan year beginning within the fiscal year.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Individual Entry Age Normal, level dollar

Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Remaining amortization period 30

Asset valuation Market value of plan assets adjusted to phase in asset gains and losses

after January 1, 2002 over a 5-year period at a rate of 20% per year.

Assets are further limited to a 20% corridor around market value

Salary increases 3.50%

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%

Retirement age Age 62 or current age if later

Mortality 2014 IRS Static Mortality Table

for the year of valuation

^{*}This is a summary of the methods and assumptions for the 1/1/16 Actuarial Valuation

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSETS TEACHER LEGACY PENSION PLAN of TCRS JUNE 30, 2017

	2014			2015		2016
Lexington City School's proportion of the net pension asset		0.104835%		0.102809%	(0.104496%
Lexington City School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(17,035)	\$	42,114	\$	653,043
Lexington City School's covered payroll	\$	4,114,750	\$	3,848,655	\$	3,772,098
Lexington City School's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		-0.414002%		1.094254%	1	7.310000%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		100.08%		99.81%		94.14%

- Note 1. The amounts presented were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year.
- Note 2. This is a 10 year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future years until 10 years of information is available.

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER LEGACY PENSION PLAN of TCRS JUNE 30, 2017

	2014		2015		 2016		2017
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	\$	365,390	\$	347,918	\$ 340,998	\$ 3	317,564
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		365,390		347,918	 340,998	3	317,564
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	 -	\$	-
Lexington City School's covered payroll	\$	4,114,749	\$	3,848,655	\$ 3,772,098	\$3,5	512,880
Contributions as a percentage of Lexington City School's covered payroll		8.88%		9.04%	9.04%		9.04%

Note 1. This is a 10 year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future years until 10 years of information is available.

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN of TCRS JUNE 30, 2017

	District	2015	2016
Lexington City School's proportion of the net pension asset	(0.103052%	0.070969%
Lexington City School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(4,146)	\$ (7,388)
Lexington City School's covered payroll	\$	214,117	\$ 312,268
Lexington City School's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		-1.94%	-2.37%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		127.46%	121.88%

- Note 1. The amounts presented were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year.
- Note 2. This is a 10 year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future years until 10 years of information is available.

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN of TCRS JUNE 30, 2017

	2015			2016	2017
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	\$	5,353	\$	7,817	\$ 10,202
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		8,565		12,491	19,924
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(3,212)	\$	(4,674)	\$ (9,722)
Lexington City School's covered payroll	\$	214,117	\$	312,268	\$407,545
Contributions as a percentage of Lexington City School's covered payroll		4.00%		4.00%	5.00%

Note 1. This is a 10 year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future years until 10 years of information is available.

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

					s	pecial R	evenue	9								Debt	Service	ı	Capital Projects		Total
ASSETS	State Street Aid	School Tax Fund		School od Service Fund	Colle	Waste ection and		Dare Fund	E-	Police citation Fund	Di	olice rug und	He	xington- nderson Illiance	S	eneral inking Fund		chool Debt Fund	Post Office Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,47		\$	160,622		38.230	\$	733	\$	15,295		48,761	\$	67.670	\$	1,936	\$	runu	\$ 797,833	\$	
Other receivables	φ 25,4.	159	Ф	100,022	Ф		Ф	/33	ф	15,295	3 1		Ф	67,670	ф	1,936	Ф	-	\$ 797,833 24,172	Ъ	1,455,659 24,331
Due from other funds	-	-		-		- 56,281		-		-		2,500		-		-		-	100,000		158,781
Grants receivable	-	14.150		-	•	-		-		-		2,500		-		-		-	73,538		87,688
Prepaid insurance		14,150		-		17.153		-		-		-		-		-		-	73,536		17,153
Inventory	-	-		34,563		17,100		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		34,563
Due from other governments	36,8	7 256,671		34,303				-		-		-		-		-		-	-		293,488
•			_				_						_								
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 62,29	\$ 470,082	\$	195,185	\$ 11	11,664	\$	733		15,295	\$ 15	51,261	\$	67,670	\$	1,936	\$	-	\$ 995,543	\$	2,071,663
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																					
LIABILITIES																					
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 15,195	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	2,900	\$	1,461	\$		\$		\$ -	\$	19,556
Accrued liablities	φ -	φ 15,195	φ	-		4,993	Ф	-	φ	-	Φ	2,900	Ф	1,401	Ф	-	ф	-	a -	Ф	4,993
Unearned revenues	-	•		4,467		4,333		-		-		2,407		-		-		-	73,538		4,993 80,412
Due to other funds	Ī			4,467	10	00,788		-		-		2,407				-		-	73,536		100,788
TOTAL LIABILITIES		15,195		4,467		05,781						5,307		1,461					73,538		205,749
				4,107		70,701	-					3,007		1,401					70,000		203,743
FUND BALANCES																					
Nonspendable																					
Inventory	-	-		34,563		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		34,563
Prepaid expenses	-	-		-	1	7,153		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		17,153
Restricted State street aid	62.29																				
School food authority	02,28	4 -		156,155		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		62,294
E-citation fund	-	-		156,155		-		-		15,295		-		-		-		-	-		156,155 15,295
Drug fund	-	-		-		-		-			4.	- 45,954		-		-		-	-		
Lexington-Henderson Co Alliance	-	-		-		-		-		-	14			66,209		-		-	-		145,954 66,209
Solid waste	-	-		-	/4	1,270)		-		-		-		66,209		-		-	-		(11,270)
Assigned	-	•		-	(1	1,270)		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		(11,270)
DARE fund		_						733						_		_					733
Debt service	-	454,887		-		-		/33		-		-		-		1,936		-	-		456,823
Capital projects	-	454,007		-		-		-				-		-		1,936		-	922,005		922,005
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	62,29			190,718		5,883		733		15,295	1/	45,954		66,209		1,936			922,005		1,865,914
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 62,29	4 \$ 470,082	\$	195,185	\$ 11	1,664	\$	733	\$	15,295	\$ 15	51,261	\$	67,670	\$	1,936	\$	-	\$ 995,543	\$	2,071,663

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

									Debt S	Service	Capital Projects	Total
	State Street Aid Fund	School Tax Fund	School Food Service Fund	Solid Waste Collection Fund	Dare Fund	Police E-citation Fund	Police Drug Fund	Lexington- Henderson Alliance	General City Sinking Fund	School Debt Fund	Post Office Fund	Other Governmental Funds
Revenues:					_							
Taxes	\$	\$ 1,424,556	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 98,070	\$ 1,522,626
Intergovernmental	211,795	-	449,697		-	-	-	-	-	-	160,853	822,345
Charges for services	-	-	147,783	722,878	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	870,661
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	-		-	-	-	5,810	68,489	-		-		74,299
Other revenue	132	15,979	2,189	43,483		66_	921	109,808	88,087		70,015	330,680
Total Revenues	211,927	1,440,535	599,669	766,361		5,876	69,410	109,808	88,087		328,938	3,620,611
Expenditures:												
Current:												
Public works	206,891	-	-	642,639		-		-	-	-	-	849,530
Public safety	-	-	-	-	2,860	-	18,340	-	4.070	-	-	21,200
Health, welfare and recreation	-	4,412	588,787	-	-	-	-	-	4,872	-	15,678	613,749
Economic and community development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	84,939	-	-	-	84,939
Capital outlay Debt Service	-	-	-	180,626	-	-	2,900	-	104.000	- 070 407	19,599	203,125
	206,891	4,412	588,787	823,265	2,860		21,240	84,939	184,860 189,732	972,487	35,277	1,157,347 2,929,890
Total Expenditures	206,891	4,412	588,787	823,265	2,860		21,240	84,939	189,732	972,487	35,277	2,929,890
Revenues over Expenditures	5,036	1,436,123	10,882	(56,904)	(2,860)	5,876	48,170	24,869	(101,645)	(972,487)	293,661	690,721
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,000	-	-	-	-	18,000
Operating transfer in	-	-	-	11	2,000	-	-	41,340	45,000	972,487	100,000	1,160,838
Operating transfer (out)		(1,355,487)	_	-			(2,000)				-	(1,357,487)
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	-	(1,355,487)		11	2,000		16,000	41,340	45,000	972,487	100,000	(178,649)
Net Change in Fund Balances	5,036	80,636	10,882	(56,893)	(860)	5,876	64,170	66,209	(56,645)	-	393,661	512,072
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year, as originally stated	57,258	374,251	167,298	62,776	1,593	9,419	81,784	-	58,581	-	528,344	1,341,304
Change in reserve for inventory	-	-	12,538					-	-	-	-	12,538
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year, as restated	57,258	374,251	179,836	62,776	1,593	9,419	81,784	-	58,581	-	528,344	1,353,842
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 62,294	\$ 454,887	\$ 190,718	\$ 5,883	\$ 733	\$ 15,295	\$ 145,954	\$ 66,209	\$ 1,936	\$ -	\$ 922,005	\$ 1,865,914

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND	Balance 7/1/2016		Addition	s Deductions	Balance 6/30/2017
ASSETS	-				
Cash	\$	95,332	\$ 236,69	9 \$ 227,406	\$ 104,625
Accounts receivable		-	1	3 -	13
	\$	95,332	\$ 236,71	2 \$ 227,406	\$ 104,638
Liabilities					
Due to student groups	\$	92,991	\$ 236,71	2 \$ 226,214	\$ 103,489
Accounts Payable		2,341	1,14	9 2,341	1,149
	\$	95,332	\$ 237,86	\$ 228,555	\$ 104,638

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE STATE STREET AID FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental:				
State gas and motor fuel tax	\$ 214,256	\$ 214,256	\$ 144,768	\$ (69,488)
State gas 1989 tax	-	-	23,469	23,469
State gas three cent tax	-	-	43,558	43,558
Other revenues				
Interest income	-	120	132	12
Total revenues	214,256	214,376	211,927	(2,449)
Expenditures: Public Works: Street lighting Total expenditures	210,000 210,000	210,000 210,000	206,891 206,891	3,109 3,109
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	4,256	4,376	5,036	660
Other financing sources and uses: Transfers out Total Other financing sources and uses		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	4,256	4,376	5,036	660
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	57,258	57,258	57,258	-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 61,514	\$ 61,634	\$ 62,294	\$ 660

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SCHOOL TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget- Positive
		Original		Final	Amounts	-	egative)
Revenues:					 		
Taxes:							
Local option sales tax	\$	1,378,530	\$	1,385,000	\$ 1,424,556	\$	39,556
Other revenues:							
Interest income	-	16,850		16,050	 15,979		(71)
Total Revenues		1,395,380		1,401,050	 1,440,535		39,485
Expenditures:							
Health, Welfare and Recreation:							
Operating costs		4,500		4,500	3,199		1,301
Paying agent fees		2,000		2,000	1,213		787
Capital outlay	-	-			 		-
Total Expenditures		6,500		6,500	 4,412		2,088
Revenues over (under) Expenditures		1,388,880		1,394,550	 1,436,123		41,573
Other financing sources and uses:							
Transfers in		-		-	-		-
Transfers out		(1,355,490)		(1,355,490)	(1,355,487)		3
Total Other financing sources and uses		(1,355,490)		(1,355,490)	 (1,355,487)		3
Net Change in Fund Balances		33,390		39,060	80,636		41,576
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	***************************************	374,251		374,251	 374,251		-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	407,641	\$	413,311	\$ 454,887	\$	41,576

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Budgetary Basis) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Budgeted Amounts		d Amounts		Actual		Less: umbrances	Encu	Add: mbrances	Exp (B)	Actual evenues/ penditures udgetary	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive
Revenues	Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)		7/1/2016	6/3	0/2017		Basis)	(N	egative)		
Payment for lunches	. 70.000				_		_		_					
Student	\$ 70,000	\$	62,509	\$ 62,508	\$	-	\$	-	\$	62,508	\$	(1)		
Adult	16,000		12,680	12,680		-		-		12,680		-		
Payment for breakfast														
Student	30,000		27,253	27,193		-		-		27,193		(60)		
USDA - lunch programs	252,000		247,938	247,937		-		-		247,937		(1)		
USDA - breakfast programs	135,000		127,999	127,999		-		-		127,999		-		
USDA - commodities	47,462		54,549	56,726		-		-		56,726		2,177		
USDA - other	5,000		12,322	12,322		-		-		12,322		-		
State matching funds	4,929		4,713	4,713		-		-		4,713		-		
A La Carte sales	47,000		43,268	43,267		-		-		43,267		(1)		
Revenues from individual schools	2,000		2,135	2,135		-		-		2,135		-		
Interest income	500		500	601		-		-		601		101		
Other revenues	· -		1,589	1,588	-					1,588		(1)		
Total Revenues	609,891		597,455	599,669						599,669		2,214		
Expenditures														
Food supplies	282,462		252,949	254,864		-		-		254,864		(1,915)		
Personnel expenditures	,		,									(-1/		
Supervisor/director	29,897		30,017	30,017		_		_		30,017		_		
Accountants and bookkeepers	19,238		21.344	21,344		_		_		21,344		_		
Cafeteria personnel	152,000		147,476	147,442		_		_		147,442		34		
Other salaries and wages	4,000		3,570	3,370		-		-		3,370		200		
Inservice training	1,650		550	3,370		-		-		3,370		523		
Social security						-		-						
	12,543		11,243	11,106		-		-		11,106		137		
Medical insurance	44,730		56,866	56,866		-		-		56,866				
Dental insurance	690		834	777		-		-		777		57		
Unemployment compensation	700		707	633		-		-		633		74		
Retirement	10,031		9,987	9,982		-		-		9,982		5		
Employer medicare	2,933		2,933	2,597		-		-		2,597		336		
Dues and memberships	250		250	47		-		-		47		203		
Operations and maintenance														
Maintenance and repair	5,000		6,500	5,766		-		-		5,766		734		
Nonfood supplies														
Food preparation supplies	14,082		14,082	12,603		_		-		12,603		1,479		
Office supplies	1,000		1,000	724		_		_		724		276		
Printing, stationery and forms	400		400	235		_		_		235		165		
Uniforms	800		828	744		-		_		744		84		
Other supplies and materials	6,000		3.021	2,689		-		-		2,689		332		
Other supplies and materials Other	0,000		3,021	2,009		-				2,009		332		
Travel	100		100									100		
				-		-		-		-		86		
Postal charges	135		135	49		-		-		49				
Other contracted services	10,000		14,460	9,610		-		-		9,610		4,850		
Other transporation	3,000		4,811	4,811		-		-		4,811		-		
Inservice/staff development	5,000		5,900	5,713		-		-		5,713		187		
Other charges	750		750	29		-		-		29		721		
Food service equipment	2,500		6,742	6,742		-		-		6,742				
Total Expenditures	609,891		597,455	588,787				-		588,787		8,668		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-			10,882		-				10,882		10,882		
Fund balance - beginning of year, as previously reported	167,298		167,298	167,298		-		-		167,298		-		
Change in reserve for inventory	-			12,538	-			-		12,538		12,538		
Fund balance - beginning of year, as restated	167,298		167,298	179,836						179,836		12,538		
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 167,298	\$	167,298	\$ 190,718	\$		\$	_	\$	190,718	\$	23,420		

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SOLID WASTE COLLECTION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Budgeted A	Amoi	unts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	(Original		Final	mounts		egative)	
Revenues:								
Charges for Services:								
Collection charges	\$	670,203	\$	656,000	\$ 664,529	\$	8,529	
Landfill use fees		60,000		50,000	58,349		8,349	
Other revenues:								
Donations		-		-	36,500		36,500	
Miscellaneous income		8,000		10,000	 6,983		(3,017)	
Total revenues		738,203		716,000	 766,361		50,361	
Expenditures								
Public Works:								
Salaries		251,500		251,956	249,959		1,997	
Payroll taxes		19,240		19,275	19,073		202	
Hospital and health insurance		55,775		54,775	54,070		705	
Retirement		-		20,255	20,255		-	
Other benefits		-		4,000	4,000		-	
Workers compensation insurance		17,000		17,000	14,843		2,157	
Unemployment insurance		448		450	353		97	
Utilities		3,219		2,500	2,200		300	
Telephone		605		500	489		11	
Consultant's services		1,000		3,000	1,835		1,165	
Tires, flats, etc.		4,000		4,000	3,884		116	
R&M vehicles		10,000		9,000	8,839		161	
R&M machinery and equipment		5,000		7,000	6,984		16	
R&M grounds		500		1,500	616		884	
R&M buildings		500		2,000	1,226		774	
R&M other		3,000		3,200	3,114		86	
Office supplies		650		650	519		131	
Operating supplies		750		750	1,284		(534)	
Other operating		42,000		40,647	37,982		2,665	
Janitorial supplies		400		400	297		103	
Clothing and uniforms		2,450		2,450	2,365		85	
Fuel supplies		33,000		31,750	28,518		3,232	
Consumable tools		1,000		1,000	429		571	
Small items of equipment		1,000		500	63		437	
Safety supplies		1,500		1,500	1,002		498	
Insurance		10,000		8,600	7,623		977	
Tipping fees		162,500		158,000	156,147		1,853	
Permit fees		4,000		4,000	3,993		7	
Soil testing		4,000		4,000	3,326		674	
Bad debt expense		10,000		6,000	7,351		(1,351)	
Capital outlay		55,000		50,000	 180,626		(130,626)	
Total expenditures	***************************************	700,037		710,658	 823,265		(112,607)	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		38,166		5,342	 (56,904)	-	(62,246)	
Other financing sources and uses:								
Transfers in (out)		(38,166)		-	11		11	
Insurance recoveries		(00.100)			 -			
Total other financing sources and uses		(38,166)		-	 11		11	
Net change in fund balances		-		5,342	(56,893)		(62,235)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		62,776		62,776	 62,776			
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	62,776	\$	68,118	\$ 5,883	\$	(62,235)	

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE DARE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts							nce with Budget-
	Original			Final		ctual ounts		sitive gative)
Revenues: Other revenues:								
Miscellaneous	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	
Total revenues	Construction of the last	-		-		-	***************************************	-
Expenditures:								
Public Safety: Public relations		2,000		3,000		2,860		140
Total expenditures		2,000	*heave-various	3,000	####	2,860	Administrative constraints	140
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(2,000)		(3,000)		(2,860)		140
rievendes over (under) expenditures	***************************************	(2,000)		(0,000)		(2,000)		140
Other financing sources and uses:		0.000		0.000		0.000		
Transfers in	-	2,000		2,000		2,000		
Net change in fund balances		-		(1,000)		(860)		140
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		1,593		1,593		1,593		_
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	1,593	\$	593	\$	733	\$	140

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE E-CITATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Amounts_		Variance with Final Budget-
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			•	(**************************************
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties:	Ф 5000	Φ 5000	Φ 5040	Φ 010
Police fines and fees Other revenues:	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,810	\$ 810
Interest income	-	50	66	16
Total revenues	5,000	5,050	5,876	826
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay	_	-		
Total expenditures	_		_	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	5,000	5,050	5,876	826
Other financing sources and uses:				
Transfer in	-	-	_	-
Total other financing sources and uses		-		_
Net change in fund balances	5,000	5,050	5,876	826
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	9,419	9,419	9,419	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 14,419	\$ 14,469	\$ 15,295	\$ 826

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE POLICE DRUG FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		nce with Budget- ositive
Revenues:		riginal	IIIIaI		A	mounts	(146	gative)
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties:								
Drug related fines	\$	25,000	\$	12,000	\$	14,555	\$	2,555
Forfeitures	*	30.000	*	45.000	*	44,279	Ψ	(721)
Sale of seized property		25,000		10,000		9,655		(345)
Other revenues:		•		·		,		, ,
Interest income		300		750		721		(29)
Miscellaneous income		250		-		200		200
Total revenues	RESIDENCE OF STREET	80,550		67,750		69,410		1,660
Expenditures:								
Public Safety:				0.4.400				04.400
Personnel services		34,400		34,400		-		34,400
Vehicle tow (seized property)		1,500		1,000		675 660		325
Repair and maintenance		2,000		1,000				340
Operating costs Educational costs		20,000 2,500		15,000 2,000		15,289 1,716		(289) 284
Other operating costs		2,000		2,000 500		1,710		500
Capital outlay		16,150		11,850		2,900		8,950
Total expenditures		78,550		65,750		21,240		44,510
rotal experiatures		70,550		05,750		21,240	***************************************	44,510
Revenues over (under) expenditures		2,000		2,000	skovnikovinov	48,170		46,170
Other financing sources and uses:								
Sale of capital assets		-		-		18,000		18,000
Transfer in		-		=		-		
Transfer out		(2,000)		(2,000)		(2,000)		-
Total other financing sources and uses		(2,000)	BARRA MARKATANIAN	(2,000)		16,000		18,000
Net change in fund balances		-		-		64,170		64,170
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		81,784		81,784		81,784		-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	81,784		81,784	\$	145,954	\$	64,170

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE LEXINGTON-HENDERSON COUNTY ALLIANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Budgeted /	Amou	unts			Variance with Final Budget-		
	c	Original		Final		Actual mounts		sitive gative)	
Revenues:								J	
Other revenues:									
Contributions	\$	108,660	\$	108,660	\$	109,660	\$	1,000	
Interest earned		-				148_		148	
Total Revenues	 	108,660		108,660	<u> </u>	109,808		1,148	
Expenditures:									
Economic and community development									
Salaries		51,321		51,321		51,161		160	
Payroll taxes		3,926		3,926		3,814		112	
Health insurance		4,000		4,000		3,931		69	
Retirement		1,800		1,800		1,777		23	
Workers compensation		155		155		-		155	
Unemployment insurance		200		200		96		104	
Registration and fees		2,000		2,000		1,639		361	
Postage and shipping		250		250		-		250	
Public notices		2,000		2,000		1,239		761	
Memberships		1,000		1,000		520		480	
Telephone		500		500		292		208	
Data processing		520		520		502		18	
Consulting fees		1,500		1,500		-		1,500	
Repair and maintenance		250		250		50		200	
Travel		11,000		11,000		7,613		3,387	
Office supplies		2,800		2,800		2,012		788	
Office equipment		3,500		3,500		3,099		401	
Operating costs		7,500		7,500		5,896		1,604	
Janitorial costs		500		500		121		379	
Fuel		1,000		1,000		-		1,000	
Utilities		2,151		2,151		1,177		974	
Total Expenditures		97,873		97,873		84,939		12,934	
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	and the second second	10,787		10,787	***************************************	24,869		14,082	
Other financing sources and uses: Transfers in		41,340		41,340	-	41,340			
Net Change in Fund Balances		52,127		52,127		66,209		14,082	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		_							
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	52,127	\$_	52,127	\$	66,209	\$	14,082	

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE DEBT SERVICE - SINKING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted	I Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Other revenues: Rent - U. S. Post Office Interest income Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 87,989 - - - 87,989	\$ 87,989 94 - - 88,083	\$ 87,989 88 10 88,087	\$ - (6) 10		
Expenditures: Health, Welfare and Recreation: Repair and maintenance	500	325	325	-		
Insurance Debt Service: Principal payments Interest payments Total expenditures	4,710 180,000 4,860 190,070	4,547 180,000 4,860 189,732	4,547 180,000 4,860 189,732	- - 		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(102,081)	(101,649)	(101,645)	4_		
Other financing sources and uses: Transfer in	45,000	45,000	45,000	-		
Net change in fund balances	(57,081)	(56,649)	(56,645)	4		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	58,581	58,581	58,581	-		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,932	\$ 1,936	\$ 4		

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE DEBT SERVICE - SCHOOL DEBT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts						Final	nce with Budget-
	Or	iginal	ı	Final	Actual Amounts			ositive egative)
Revenues:	***************************************							
Other revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		-
Expenditures:								
Debt Service:								
Principal payments		790,000		790,000		'85,693		4,307
Interest payments	190,000 190,000		186,794			3,206		
Paying agent fees				-				
Total expenditures		980,000		980,000		72,487		7,513
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(980,000)	(980,000)	(9	972,487)		7,513
Other financing sources and uses:								
Transfers in		980,000		980,000		72,487	Mantecontributes	(7,513)
Total other financing sources and uses		980,000		980,000	9	72,487		(7,513)
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		-				_	Name of the last o	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE CAPITAL PROJECTS - POST OFFICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
_	Original			Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Taxes:								
Liquor taxes	\$	140,000	\$	90,000	\$	98,070	\$	8,070
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Park grant		-		-		160,853		160,853
Other revenues:								
Interest income		-		3,000		3,635		635
Fireworks contributions		12,500		12,500		10,300		(2,200)
Donations		-		<u>-</u>		250		250
Miscellaneous		-		295,000		55,830		(239,170)
Total Revenues		152,500		400,500	***************************************	328,938		(71,562)
Expenditures: Health, welfare and recreation:								
Fireworks		10 500		10 500		10.000		500
Museum exhibits		12,500		12,500 900		12,000 768		132
		-		900				
Museum improvements		- CE		-		1,089		(1,089)
Animal shelter		65		65		-		65
Miscellaneous		- 0 770		60,234		1,821		58,413
Capital projects		9,779		19,600		19,599	***************************************	I
Total Expenditures		22,344	***************************************	93,299		35,277	#0000000000000000000000000000000000000	58,022
Revenues over (under) Expenditures		130,156		307,201		293,661		(13,540)
Other financing sources and uses:								
Transfers in	•	_	•	100,000	-	100,000	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		130,156		407,201		393,661		(13,540)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		528,344		528,344	***************************************	528,344		-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	658,500	\$	935,545		922,005	\$	(13,540)

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE JUNE 30, 2017

Levy for Year	Tax Rate	Assessed Value	Original Tax Levy	Outstanding Taxes Beginning	Taxes Levied	Releases and Adjustments	Collections	Outstanding Taxes Ending
2017	\$1.23	\$ 181,085,919	\$ 2,186,612	\$ -	\$ 2,186,612	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,186,612
2016	1.23	175,652,631	2,160,565	2,124,966	35,599	(4,628)	2,066,913	89,024
2015	1.23	174,738,487	2,155,335	97,064	-	(4,412)	84,866	7,786
2014	1.23	175,884,882	2,163,382	11,697	-	(1,019)	8,676	2,002
2013	1.23	176,525,774	2,171,302	89	-	106	18	177
2012	1.23	176,045,704	2,165,379	1,891	-	253		2,144
2011	1.23	172,560,623	2,122,526	188	-	-	-	188
2010	0.86	160,123,486	1,377,074	-	-	-	-	-
2009	0.86	160,348,230	1,378,984	-	-	-	-	-
2008	0.86	157,854,649	1,357,547	-	-	-	-	-
2007	0.86	161,370,663	1,387,770	-	-	-	-	-
2006	0.86	163,746,473	1,408,213	-	-	-	-	-
2005	0.71	166,009,807	1,156,947	-	-	-	,	-
2004	0.75	147,415,262	1,084,969	-	-	-	-	-
2003	0.75	140,461,875	1,081,818	-	-	-	-	-
2002	0.75	135,825,925	1,018,798	-	-	-	-	-
2001	0.75	129,764,140	1,018,037					
				\$ 2,235,895	\$ 2,222,211	\$ (9,700)	\$ 2,160,473	\$ 2,287,933

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS - GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT JUNE 30, 2017

Year Ending	Capital Ou	rtlav - 2005	FESI	Loan	2004 - QZA	R Ronde	Refunding Ro	and Series 2012	Bond Se	ries 2009	Refunding Bo	nd Series 2010	Refunding Ro	and Series 2012	To	tals
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2018	\$ 50,000	\$ 1,013	\$ 35,232	\$ -	\$ 75,529	\$ -	\$ 310,000	\$ 140,612	\$ 45,000	\$ 48,604	\$ 400,000	\$ 29,900	\$ 19,548	\$ 4,295	\$ 935,309	\$ 224,424
2019	-	-	35,232	•	75,529	•	315,000	135,962	50,000	47,199	410,000	18,750	20,246	4,101	906,007	206,012
2020	-	-	35,232	-	75,529	-	320,000	129,662	50,000	44,699	420,000	6,300	20,944	3,878	921,705	184,539
2021	•	-	35,232	•	75,528	-	325,000	123,260	55,000	42,698	-	-	21,642	3,596	512,402	169,554
2022	-	-	26,436	-	-	-	335,000	116,355	55,000	40,499		•	22,340	3,281	438,776	160,135
2023	-	•	-	•	-	-	340,000	108,817	55,000	38,299	•	-	23,039	2,835	418,039	149,951
2024	-	-	-	-	-	-	350,000	100,318	60,000	36,099	-		23,737	2,373	433,737	138,790
2025	-	-	-	-	-		360,000	91,568	60,000	33,699	-	-	24,784	1,899	444,784	127,166
2026	-	-	-	-	-	-	365,000	82,118	60,000	31,224	•	-	25,831	1,403	450,831	114,745
2027	-	-	-	-	-	-	375,000	72,262	65,000	28,674	-	-	26,878	886	466,878	101,822
2028	-	-	-	-	-	-	385,000	61,950	70,000	25,830	-	-	17,450	349	472,450	88,129
2029	-	-	-		-	-	395,000	50,400	70,000	22,767	-	-	-	-	465,000	73,167
2030	-	-	-	-	-	-	410,000	38,550	75,000	19,687	-	-	-	-	485,000	58,237
2031	-	-	-		-	-	420,000	26,250	85,000	16,312	-	-	-	-	505,000	42,562
2032	-	-	-		-	-	420,000	13,125	90,000	12,487		-	-	-	510,000	25,612
2033	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	90,000	8,325		-	-	-	90,000	8,325
2034	_				-				90,000	4,162				-	90,000	4,162
	\$ 50,000	\$ 1,013	\$ 167,364	\$ -	\$ 302,115	\$ -	\$ 5,425,000	\$ 1,291,209	\$ 1,125,000	\$ 501,264	\$ 1,230,000	\$ 54,950	\$ 246,439	\$ 28,896	\$ 8,545,918	\$ 1,877,332

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS - WATER SYSTEMS JUNE 30, 2017

Year Ending	20	012 General (2 General Obligation Bonds 2009 Refund		ding E	Bonds		2011 Refun	ding B	onds		Total	s		
June 30,	-	Principal		nterest		Principal		Interest	F	rincipal		nterest		Principal	Interest
2018	\$	259,112	\$	56,945	\$	215,000	\$	221,458	\$	155,000	\$	11,687	\$	629,112	\$ 290,090
2019		268,366		54,353		220,000		214,740		160,000		7,350		648,366	276,443
2020		277,620		51,401		230,000		203,740		165,000		2,475		672,620	257,616
2021		286,874		47,653		235,000		194,540		-		-		521,874	242,193
2022		296,128		43,494		245,000		185,140		-		-		541,128	228,634
2023		305,382		37,571		255,000		175,340		-		-		560,382	212,911
2024		314,636		31,464		265,000		165,140		-		-		579,636	196,604
2025		328,517		25,171		280,000		154,540		-		-		608,517	179,711
2026		342,398		18,601		295,000		142,990		-		-		637,398	161,591
2027		356,279		11,753		305,000		130,452		-		-		661,279	142,205
2028		231,354		4,627		320,000		117,108		-		-		551,354	121,735
2029				-		335,000		103,109		-		-		335,000	103,109
2030		-		-		350,000		88,368		-		-		350,000	88,368
2031		-		-		365,000		72,618		-		-		365,000	72,618
2032		-		-		380,000		56,194		-		-		380,000	56,194
2033		-		-		405,000		38,618		-		-		405,000	38,618
2034		-		-	**************************************	430,000		19,888		-		-	-	430,000	19,888
	\$	3,266,666	\$	383,033	\$	5,130,000	\$	2,283,983	\$	480,000	\$	21,512	\$	8,876,666	\$ 2,688,528

Note #1: The Water System has drawn \$1,634,146 on a \$2,000,000 Local Government Loan Program Bond. This amount is shown as current long-term debt.

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS - NATURAL GAS FUND JUNE 30, 2017

Year Ending	2012	2 General O	bligatio	n Bonds	2	2009 Refun	ding	Bonds		2011 Refur	iding l	ng Bonds		То	otals	
June 30,	Pr	rincipal	In	terest	Р	rincipal		nterest	Р	rincipal	lı	nterest	F	rincipal		nterest
2018	\$	1,340	\$	295	\$	60,000	\$	61,761	\$	325,000	\$	13,962	\$	386,340	\$	76,018
2019		1,388		281		60,000		59,886		330,000		4,950		391,388		65,117
2020		1,436		266		60,000		56,886		-		-		61,436		57,152
2021		1,484		246		65,000		54,486		-		-		66,484		54,732
2022		1,532		225		70,000		51,886		-		-		71,532		52,111
2023		1,579		194		70,000		49,086		-		-		71,579		49,280
2024		1,627		163		75,000		46,286		-		-		76,627		46,449
2025		1,699		130		75,000		43,286		-		-		76,699		43,416
2026		1,771		96		80,000		40,192		-		-		81,771		40,288
2027		1,843		61		85,000		36,792		-		-		86,843		36,853
2028		1,196		24		90,000		33,073		-		-		91,196		33,097
2029		-		-		95,000		29,136		-		-		95,000		29,136
2030		-		-		100,000		24,956		-		-		100,000		24,956
2031		-		-		100,000		20,456		-		-		100,000		20,456
2032		-		-		110,000		15,956		-		-		110,000		15,956
2033		-		-		115,000		10,868		-		-		115,000		10,868
2034					-	120,000		5,550						120,000		5,550
	\$	16,895	\$	1,981	\$	1,430,000	\$	640,542	\$	655,000	\$	18,912	\$	2,101,895	\$	661,435

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS - LEXINGTON ELECTRIC DEPARTMENT JUNE 30, 2017

Year Ending	Revenue F Bond Se	•	Series 2011 R	evenue Bonds	Totals				
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest			
2018	\$ 480,000	\$ 150,706	\$ 250,000	\$ 236,618	\$ 730,000	\$ 387,324			
2019	395,000	144,531	255,000	230,293	650,000	374,824			
2020	400,000	136,631	265,000	223,156	665,000	359,787			
2021	410,000	128,631	270,000	216,806	680,000	345,437			
2022	420,000	120,431	280,000	210,268	700,000	330,699			
2023	425,000	112,031	290,000	202,962	715,000	314,993			
2024	435,000	103,531	295,000	194,731	730,000	298,262			
2025	445,000	94,831	310,000	185,656	755,000	280,487			
2026	450,000	85,931	320,000	176,006	770,000	261,937			
2027	460,000	75,806	335,000	165,562	795,000	241,368			
2028	475,000	65,456	345,000	154,297	820,000	219,753			
2029	485,000	53,581	360,000	142,176	845,000	195,757			
2030	495,000	41,456	375,000	129,079	870,000	170,535			
2031	510,000	28,463	390,000	114,969	900,000	143,432			
2032	525,000	14,438	405,000	100,062	930,000	114,500			
2033	-	-	425,000	84,234	425,000	84,234			
2034	-	-	445,000	67,100	445,000	67,100			
2035	-	-	465,000	48,900	465,000	48,900			
2036	-	-	485,000	29,900	485,000	29,900			
2037	_	_	505,000	10,100	505,000	10,100			
	\$ 6,810,000	\$ 1,356,454	\$ 7,070,000	\$ 2,922,875	\$13,880,000	\$ 4,279,329			

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF OUTSTANDING DELINQUENT TAXES FILED WITH CHANCERY COURT JUNE 30, 2017

Tax Year	Outstanding Balance
2015	\$ 7,786
2014	2,002
2013	177
2012	1,116
2011	188
2009	-
2008	-
2007	-
2006	-
2005	
Total	\$ 11,269

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF UTILITY RATES IN FORCE JUNE 30, 2017

		GAS FUND						
Residential Rate	М	inimum	Bas	e Rate	+	PGA Rate		
First 500 cubic feet (minimum)	\$	6.70			•			
Over 500 cubic feet: Inside city (per MCF)			\$	1.84	+	current PGA	=	Rate FMCF
Outside city (per MCF)			\$	2.65	+	current PGA	=	Rate Per MCF
Small Commercial Rate								
First 500 cubic feet (minimum)	\$	7.50						
Over 500 cubic feet: Inside city (per MCF)			\$	2.76	+	current PGA	=	Rate Per MCF
Outside city (per MCF)			\$	3.68	+	current PGA	=	Rate Per MCF
Medium Commercial Rate								
First 1,500 cubic feet (minimum)	\$	24.85						
Over 1,500 cubic feet: Inside city (per MCF)			\$	2.99	+	current PGA	=	Rate Per MCF
Outside city (per MCF)			\$	3.91	+	current PGA	=	Rate Per MCF
Large Commercial Rate								
First 10,000 cubic feet (minimum)	\$	124.60						
Over 10,000 cubic feet: Inside city (per MCF)			\$	3.11	+	current PGA	=	Rate Per MCF
Outside city (per MCF)			\$	4.03	+	current PGA	=	Rate Per MCF
Transport (Customer buys from 3rd party)			\$	2.70				
Number of customers at year end:		9,107						

⁺ PGA (Purchased Gas Adjustment) - This Rate is set monthly from calculations based on the average total costs associated with natural gas purchases.

WATER RATES

INSIDE CITY LIMITS - Customer Charge 0-2,000 gallons

	Meter Charge		2,000 gallons @ cons. Rate		Customer Charge
5/8"	\$8.72 +	\$1.00 +	\$5.00	=	\$14.72
1"	\$12.20 +	\$1.00 +	\$5.00	==	\$18.20
1.5"	\$15.69 +	\$1.00 +	\$5.00	=	\$21.69
2"	\$25.28 +	\$1.00 +	\$5.00	=	\$31.28
3"	\$95.89 +	\$1.00 +	\$5.00	=	\$101.89
4"	\$122.04 +	\$1.00 +	\$5.00	=	\$128.04
6"	\$183.06 +	\$1.00 +	\$5.00	=	\$189.06

Consumption Rate Over 2,000 gallons = \$2.50 Per 1,000 gallons

OUTSIDE CITY LIMITS - Customer Charge 0-2,000 gallons

			2,000 gallons		Customer
	Meter Charge	Maint Fee	@ cons. Rate		Charge
5/8"	\$15.68 +	\$1.60 +	\$7.00	=	\$24.28
1"	\$21.96 +	\$1.60 +	\$7.00	=	\$30.56
1.5"	\$28.23 +	\$1.60 +	\$7.00	=	\$36.83
2"	\$45.48 +	\$1.60 +	\$7.00	=	\$54.08
3"	\$172.50 +	\$1.60 +	\$7.00	=	\$181.10
4"	\$219.55 +	\$1.60 +	\$7.00	=	\$228.15
6"	\$329.33 +	\$1.60 +	\$7.00	=	\$337.93

Consumption Rate Over 2,000 gallons = \$2.50 Per 1,000 gallons

BULK WATER - Consumption Rate = \$3.50 Per 1,000 gallons

NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS AT YEAR END:

9,898

SEWER RATES

	SEW	/ER RATES		
LEXINGTON		PARKERS CROSS	ROADS	
Customer Charge 0-2,000 gall	lons	Customer Charge 0-	-2,000 gallons	
5/8"	\$15.00	5/8"	\$31.50	
1"	\$15.00	1"	\$31.50	
1.5"	\$37.00			
2"	\$37.00			
3"	\$62.00			
4"	\$62.00			
6"	\$62.00			

Usage Rate Over 2,000 gallons = \$4.10 Per 1,000 gallons

SEWER CUSTOMERS WITH WELLS

Customer Charge (based on 5,000 gallons) = \$27.30 Flat Rate

NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS AT YEAR END:

3,747

GARBAGE RATES				
Inside Residential and housing project	\$	12.75	Class 1	\$ 78.50
Outside Residentail	\$	23.50	Class 2	\$137.50
			Class 3	\$196.50
			Class 4	\$255.25
NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS AT YEAR END:	-	3,641		

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF UTILITY RATES IN FORCE - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2017

Electric Departmen	ıt
--------------------	----

Electric Department		
Residential Rate Schedule - RS Customer Charge - per delivery point per month	\$	17.10
Energy Charges - cents per kWh		0.09707
General Power Rate Schedule - GSA GSA-1 (0.50 kw)		
Customer Charge - per delivery point per month Energy Charges - per kWh	\$	17.96 0.10979
GSA-2 (51-1,000 kw) Customer charge - per delivery point per month	\$	89.03
Demand charge - per kw per month - First 50 kW - Additional kW	Ψ	13.50
Energy charge - per kw - First 15,000 kWh - Additional kWh		0.10979 0.06511
GSA-3 (1,000-5,000 kw) Customer charge - per delivery point per month	\$	223.58
Demand charge - per kw per month - First 1,000 kW - Excess over 1,000 kW		13.14
Energy charge - per kW QSB		0.06685
Customer charge - per delivery point per month Administrative charge Demand charges Onpeak:	\$	1,500.00 350.00
All kW - per kW per month Energy charge - cents per kWh use of metered demand per month	\$	10.36 0.09252
OffPeak: All kW - per kW per month	\$	10.36
Energy charge - first 200 HUD Next 200 HUD Additional HUD		0.06873 0.02453 0.02127
<u>GSC</u> Customer charge - per delivery point per month	\$	1,500.00
Administrative charge Demand charges Onpeak:	*	350.00
All kW - per kW per month Energy charge - cents per kWh use of metered demand per month		10.12 0.09252
OffPeak: All kW - per kW per month	\$	4.49
Energy charge - first 200 HUD Next 200 HUD Additional HUD		0.06873 0.02453 0.02127
<u>GSD</u> Customer charge - per delivery point per month	\$	1,500.00
Administrative charge Demand charges Onpeak:	\$	350.00
All kW - per kW per month Energy charge - cents per kWh use of metered demand per month	\$	10.12 0.09252
OffPeak: All kW - per kW per month	\$	4.38
Energy charge - first 200 HUD Next 200 HUD Additional HUD		0.06873 0.02343 0.02127
MSB1 Customer charge - per delivery point per month	\$	1,500.00
Administrative charge Demand charges	\$	350.00
Onpeak: All kW - per kW per month Energy charge - cents per kWh use of metered demand per month	\$	9.74 0.07412
OffPeak: All kW - per kW per month	s	2.16
Energy charge - first 200 HUD Next 200 HUD Additional HUD		0.05034 0.02209 0.01966
MSC Customer charge - per delivery point per month	\$	1,500.00
Administrative charge Demand charges	\$	350.00
Onpeak: All kW - per kW per month Energy charge - cents per kWh use of metered demand per month	\$	9.74 0.07305
OffPeak: All kW - per kW per month	\$	1.65
Energy charge - first 200 HUD Next 200 HUD Additional HUD		0.04926 0.02343 0.02343
<u>MSD</u> Customer charge - per delivery point per month	\$	1,500.00
Administrative charge Demand charges	\$	350.00
Onpeak: All kW - per kW per month Energy charge - cents per kWh use of metered demand per month	\$	9.74 0.07090
OffPeak: All kW - per kW per month	\$	1.54
All KW - per KW per month Energy charge - first 200 HUD Next 200 HUD Additional HUD	ā	0.04711 0.02182 0.02127
OL Energy charge		0.06771

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE JUNE 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass- Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- Through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
FEDERAL AWARDS Department of Defense State Department of General Services Law Enforcement Support Office - Program 1033 Non-cash Assistance	12.005	n/a	\$ 53,110
Total Department of Defense			53,110
Department of Justice Cops Grant	N/A	2014UMWX0191	41,794
Byrne Grant	16.738	"unavailable"	15,000
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	N/A	"unavailable"	742
Total Department of Justice			57,536_
Department of Transporation - General Government Governor's Highway Safety Office - Network Coordinator Governor's Highway Safety Office - Network Coordinator	20.600 20.600	Z-16-GHS199 Z-17-GHS-044	1,576 8,145
Total for CFDA #	20.600		9,721
Governor's Highway Safety Office - High Visibility Governor's Highway Safety Office - DUI Countermeasures Governor's Highway Safety Office - DUI Countermeasures	20.607 20.607 20.607	Z-16-GHS-200 Z-16-GHS-198 Z-17-GHS-216	2,554 3,526 7,679 13,759
Total Department of Transportation			23,480
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			134,126
STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			
Tennessee Department of Transportation Lexington Multimodal Transportation Access Project	N/A	39LPLM-S3-025	5,853
Tennessess Department of Environment and Conservation	,		
State Law Enforcement Supplement State Fire Grant Supplement	-	-	13,200 7,200
TOTAL STATE AWARDS			26,253
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 160,379

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Town of Lexington, Tennessee, and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

Single Audit reports required by OMB Circular A-133 have been filed as part of the individual audit reports of Lexington City Schools. The awards that Lexington City Schools received have not been included in the above schedule.

Note 3: Lexington Electric System

The awards that Lexington Electric System received have not been included in the above schedule.

Note 4: Indirect Cost Rate

The City of Lexington has elected to use the 10-percent de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE AWWA WLCC Free Water Audit Software: Reporting Worksheet - "Unaudited" JUNE 30, 2017



Click to access definition Click to add a comment Water Audit Report for: City of Lexington / Lexington Water System (0000402)

Reporting Year: 2017 7/2016 - 6/2017

Please enter data in the white cells below. Where available, metered values should be used: if metered values are unavailable please estimate a value, Indicate your confidence in the accuracy of the input data by grading each component (n/a or 1-10) using the drop-down list to the left of the input cell. Hover the mouse over the cell to obtain a description of the grades

All volumes to be entered as: MILLION GALLONS (US) PER YEAR

To select the correct data grading for each input, determine the highest grade where the utility meets or exceeds all criteria for that grade and all grades below Master Meter and Supply Error Adjustments ----- Enter grading in column 'E' and 'J' -----> Pcnt: WATER SUPPLIED ÷ 7 5 Volume from own sources: + ? 10 1,102.386 MG/Yr 0.12% 0 Water imported: + ? MG/Yr MG/Yr Water exported: + ? MG/Yr + ? MG/Yr Enter negative % or value for under-registration WATER SUPPLIED: 1,101.065 MG/Yr Enter positive % or value for over-registration **AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION** Click here: Billed metered: + ? 10 760.478 MG/Yr for help using option Billed unmetered: + ? 0.363 MG/Yr buttons below Unbilled metered: + ? 9 22.758 MG/Yr Pcnt: Value: Unbilled unmetered: + ? O 13.763 MG/Yr 1.25% MG/Yr Default option selected for Unbilled unmetered - a grading of 5 is applied but not displayed Use buttons to select AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION: 797.362 MG/Yr percentage of water supplied OR 303.702 MG/Yr value WATER LOSSES (Water Supplied - Authorized Consumption) Value: Apparent Losses Pont: Unauthorized consumption: * ? 2.753 MG/Yr 0.25% MG/Yr Default option selected for unauthorized consumption - a grading of 5 is applied but not displayed Customer metering inaccuracies: + 2 9 7.911 MG/Yr 1.00% MG/Yr Systematic data handling errors: 1.901 MG/Yr MG/Yr Default option selected for Systematic data handling errors - a grading of 5 is applied but not displayed Apparent Losses: ? 12.565 MG/Yr Real Losses (Current Annual Real Losses or CARL) 291 137 MG/Yr Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: WATER LOSSES: 303.702 MG/Yr **NON-REVENUE WATER** NON-REVENUE WATER: 6) 340.224 MG/Yr = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA 680.0 miles Length of mains: + ? 9 Number of active AND inactive service connections: 11,235 Service connection density: 17 conn./mile main Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or property Yes (length of service line, <u>beyond</u> the property boundary, that is the responsibility of the utility) Average length of customer service line: + ? Average length of customer service line has been set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been applied Average operating pressure: 5 65.0 psi COST DATA Total annual cost of operating water system: # 2 10 \$3,779,977 \$/Year Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): 2 8 \$7.35 \$/1000 gallons (US) Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses): 3 8 \$753.79 \$/Million gallons

WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE:

*** YOUR SCORE IS: 89 out of 100 ***

A weighted scale for the components of consumption and water loss is included in the calculation of the Water Audit Data Validity Score

PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION:

Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by addressing the following components:

- 1: Unauthorized consumption
- 2: Systematic data handling errors
- 3: Billed unmetered

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE AWWA WLCC Free Water Audit Software: System Attributes and Performance Indicators - "Unaudited" JUNE 30, 2017

Water Audit Report f Reporting Ye	or: City of Lexington/Lexington Water System (0000402) ar: 2017 7/2016 - 6/20	M7]
<u>System Attributes:</u>	*** YOUR WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCO Apparent Losses:	ORE IS: 89 out of 100 *** 12.565 MG/Yr
	+ Real Losses:	291.137 MG/Yr
	· = Water Losses:	303.702 MGYr
	Unavoidable Annual Real Losses (UARL):	127.26 MG/Yr
	Annual cost of Apparent Losses:	\$ 92,355
	Annual cost of Real Losses:	\$ 219,456 Valued at Variable Production Cost Return to Reporting Worksheet to change this assumpiton
Performance Indicators:		
Financial: _	Non-revenue water as percent by volume of Water Supplied: Non-revenue water as percent by cost of operating system:	30.9% 9.0% Real Losses valued at Variable Production Cost
	Apparent Losses per service connection per day: Real Losses per service connection per day:	3.06 gallons/connection/day N/A gallons/connection/day
Operational Efficiency:	Real Losses per length of main per day*:	1,172.99 gallons/mile/day
	Real Losses per service connection per day per meter (head) pressure:	N/A gallons/connection/day/psi
	From Above, Real Losses = Current Annual Real Losses (CARL):	291.14 million gallons/year
* This performance indicator applies fo	Infrastructure Leakage Index (ILI) [CARL/UARL]: or systems with a low service connection density of less than 32 service connection.	2.29 stions/mile of pipeline



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Mayor and City Aldermen Lexington, Tennessee

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lexington, Tennessee (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Lexington, Tennessee's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 23, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described below as SAF 2017-001 to be a material weakness.

SAF 2017-001 INADEQUATE SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

Schools Still Deficient from the Prior Audit Finding 2007-01: All schools.

Condition: The duties of receiving cash, reconciling bank statements, preparing checks, and posting all transactions are handled by each school's bookkeeper. At some schools, the person opening the mail does not prepare a collection log.

Criteria: The *Tennessee Internal School Uniform Accounting Policy Manual* Section 6, Title 5, Page 6-7 states, "When designing your transaction processes, there should be a clear segregation of duties and responsibilities performed by personnel such that no single person could initiate, approve, execute, and enter transactions into your system in a manner that would enable fraudulent actions to be perpetrated and concealed." In regards to the revenue/collection cycle, the *TISUAPM* Section 4, Title 2, Page 4-8 states, "To the extent possible, the following duties should not be performed by the same individual: receiving cash, making bank deposits, maintaining the accounting records, and reconciling bank accounts." In regards to the purchasing/disbursement cycle, the *TISUAPM* Section 4, Title 2, Page 4-10 states, "To the extent possible, the following duties should not be performed by the same person: approving requisitions, preparing purchase authorizations, receiving goods or services, approving payment, preparing checks, signing checks, and preparing bank reconciliations."

Cause: Not enough available staff.

Effect: Weakened internal controls.

Recommendation: An effective internal control system provides for adequate segregation of duties. Therefore, we recommend that the principals review the current level of control and modify where deemed necessary.

Managements' Responses: Caywood Elementary School and Lexington Middle School

The Lexington City Schools have employed a full-time bookkeeper at each school and provided training programs through attendance at workshops, accounting system vendor and in-house support from the board of education. Principals will review procedures and develop plans to implement segregation of duties within the constraints of the limited office staff.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed some instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described below as findings 2017 - 001, and SAF 2017 – 002.

2017 - 001 EXPENDITURES EXCEEDING APPROPRIATIONS

Condition: Expenditures exceeding budgeted appropriations for the Solid Waste Fund.

Criteria: Tennessee Code Annotated (TCA) 6-56-203 states "no municipality may expend any monies regardless of their source (including moneys derived from bond and long-term note proceeds, federal, state or private grants or loans, or special assessments), except in accordance with a budget ordinance adopted under this section".

Cause: The City failed to monitor spending and amend the budget for the overages.

Effect: The City is in violation with TCA 6-56-203 by having expenditures exceeding budget appropriations.

Management's Response: The City will monitor the adjusted expenditures closer and make sure that they are properly approved through budget amendments in a timely manner.

SAF 2017 - 002 CLOSING OF GRADUATING CLASS ACCOUNT

School Still Deficient From the Prior Audit Finding 2016 – 002: Lexington Middle School.

Condition: One school failed to close out the graduating class account at the end of the fiscal year.

Criteria: Section 5, Title 8, Page 5-23 of the *Tennessee Internal School Uniform Accounting Policy Manual (TISUAPM)* states the graduating class must be closed at the end of the fiscal year.

Cause: Oversight.

Effect: Noncompliance.

Recommendation: The graduating class should make provisions for the disposition of unexpended money prior to graduation or the account should be closed at the end of fiscal year and the balance transferred to the general fund.

Managements' Responses: Lexington Middle School

Transfer has been made to correct this oversight. End of year procedure checklist has been modified to include this task to avoid oversight in the future.

City of Lexington, Tennessee's Response to Findings

The City of Lexington, Tennessee's response to the findings identified in our audit is described above. The City of Lexington, Tennessee's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hochwin & Association, PLCC

April 23, 2018

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF DISPOSITION OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2017

Financial Statement Findings

Prior Year Finding Number	Finding Title	Status/Current Year Finding Number
2016-001	Inadequate Controls Over Self Insured Plan	Corrected
2016-002	Expenditures Exceeded Budget	Repeated/2017-001
SAF 2016-001	Inadequate Segregation of Duties (original finding #SAF 2007-01)	Repeated/SAF 2017-001
SAF-2016-002	Closing of Graduating Class	Repeated/SAF 2017-002
SAF-2016-003	Untimely Bank Deposits	Corrected

CITY OF LEXINGTON, TENNESSEE CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN JUNE 30, 2017

2017 - 001 EXPENDITURES EXCEEDED BUDGET APPROPRIATIONS

Corrective action planned

The City will monitor the adjusted expenditures closer and make sure that they are properly approved through budget amendments in a timely manner.

Anticipated completion date

Immediately

Responsible party

City Recorder

INTERNAL SCHOOL FUNDS

SAF FINDING 2017 - 001 INADEQUATE SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

Corrective action planned

The Lexington City Schools have employed a full-time bookkeeper at each school and provided training programs through attendance at workshops, accounting system vendor and in-house support from the board of education. Principals will review procedures and develop plans to implement segregation of duties within the constraints of the limited office staff.

Anticipated completion date

Immediately

Responsible party

Each individual school's principal

SAF FINDING 2017-002 CLOSING OF GRADUATING CLASS ACCOUNT

Corrective action planned

Transfer has been made to correct this oversight. End of year procedure checklist has been modified to include this task to avoid oversight in the future.

Anticipated completion date

Immediately

Responsible party

School's principal